

# SMV

Frequency Inverter







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All information given in this documentation has been carefully selected and tested for compliance with the hardware and software described. Nevertheless, discrepancies cannot be ruled out. We do not accept any responsibility nor liability for damages that may occur. Any necessary corrections will be implemented in subsequent editions.

This document printed in the United States.

## 4 Commissioning - continued

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For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/

# About These Instructions

This documentation applies to the SMV frequency inverter and contains important technical data regarding the installation, operation, and commissioning of the inverter.

These instructions are only valid for SMV frequency inverters with software revision 4.23 or higher for version 4.23 software, the drive nameplate illustrated below would show "42" in the "F" location.

Please read these instructions in their entirety before commissioning the drive.



Α	В	С	D	E	F
Certifications	Туре	Input Ratings	Output Ratings	Hardware Version	Software Version

Scope of delivery	Important
<ul> <li>1 SMV Inverter with EPM installed (see Section 4.4)</li> <li>1 Operating Instructions manual</li> </ul>	After receipt of the delivery, check immediately whether the items delivered match the accompanying papers. Lenze Americas Corporation does not accept any liability for deficiencies claimed subsequently. Claim: • Visible transport damage immediately to the forwarder. • Visible deficiencies/incompleteness immediately to your Lenze Americas representative

#### **Related Documents**

The documentation listed herein contains information relevant to the operation of the SMVector frequency inverter. To obtain the latest documentation, visit the Technical Library at www.Lenze.com.

Document #	Description
CMVINS01	SMVector Communications Module Installation Instruction
CMVMB401	SMVector ModBus RTU over RS485 Communications Reference Guide
CMVLC401	SMVector Lecom Communications Reference Guide
CMVCAN01	SMVector CANopen Communications Reference Guide
CMVDVN01	SMVector DeviceNet Communications Reference Guide
CMVETH01	SMVector EtherNet/IP Communications Reference Guide
CMVPFB01	SMVector PROFIBUS Communications Reference Guide
ALSV01	SMVector Additional I/O Module Installation and Operation Manual
DBV01	SMVector Dynamic Braking
PTV01A	SMVector Potentiometer Install Instructions
RKV01	SMVector ESVZXK1 Remote Keypad
RKVU01	SMVector ESVZXH0 Remote Keypad (for NEMA 1 15-60HP (11-45kW) Drives)

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# 1 Safety Information

#### General

Some parts of Lenze Americas Corporation controllers can be electrically live and some surfaces can be hot. Non-authorized removal of the required cover, inappropriate use, and incorrect installation or operation creates the risk of severe injury to personnel and/or damage to equipment.

All operations concerning transport, installation, and commissioning as well as maintenance must be carried out by qualified, skilled personnel who are familiar with the installation, assembly, commissioning, and operation of variable frequency drives and the application for which it is being used.

#### Installation

Ensure proper handling and avoid excessive mechanical stress. Do not bend any components and do not change any insulation distances during transport, handling, installation or maintenance. Do not touch any electronic components or contacts. This drive contains electrostatically sensitive components, which can easily be damaged by inappropriate handling. Static control precautions must be adhered to during installation, testing, servicing and repairing of this drive and associated options. Component damage may result if proper procedures are not followed.

To ensure proper operation, do not install the drive where it is subjected to adverse environmental conditions such as combustible, oily, or hazardous vapors; corrosive chemicals; excessive dust, moisture or vibration; direct sunlight or extreme temperatures.

This drive has been tested by Underwriters Laboratory (UL) and is UL Listed in compliance with the UL508C Safety Standard. This drive must be installed and configured in accordance with both national and international standards. Local codes and regulations take precedence over recommendations provided in this and other Lenze Americas Corporation documentation.

The SMVector drive is considered a component for integration into a machine or process. It is neither a machine nor a device ready for use in accordance with European directives (reference machinery directive and electromagnetic compatibility directive). It is the responsibility of the end user to ensure that the machine meets the applicable standards.

### **Electrical Connection**

When working on live drive controllers, applicable national safety regulations must be observed. The electrical installation must be carried out according to the appropriate regulations (e.g. cable cross-sections, fuses, protective earth [PE] connection). While this document does make recommendations in regards to these items, national and local codes must be adhered to.

The documentation contains information about installation in compliance with EMC (shielding, grounding, filters and cables). These notes must also be observed for CE-marked controllers. The manufacturer of the system or machine is responsible for compliance with the required limit values demanded by EMC legislation.

#### Application

The drive must not be used as a safety device for machines where there is a risk of personal injury or material damage. Emergency Stops, over-speed protection, acceleration and deceleration limits, etc must be made by other devices to ensure operation under all conditions.

The drive does feature many protection devices that work to protect the drive and the driven equipment by generating a fault and shutting the drive and motor down. Mains power variances can also result in shutdown of the drive. When the fault condition disappears or is cleared, the drive can be configured to automatically restart, it is the responsibility of the user, OEM and/or integrator to ensure that the drive is configured for safe operation.

# Safety Information

#### **Explosion Proof Applications**

Explosion proof motors that are not rated for inverter use lose their certification when used for variable speed. Due to the many areas of liability that may be encountered when dealing with these applications, the following statement of policy applies:

Lenze Americas Corporation inverter products are sold with no warranty of fitness for a particular purpose or warranty of suitability for use with explosion proof motors. Lenze Americas Corporation accepts no responsibility for any direct, incidental or consequential loss, cost or damage that may arise through the use of AC inverter products in these applications. The purchaser expressly agrees to assume all risk of any loss, cost or damage that may arise from such application.

#### Operation

Systems including controllers must be equipped with additional monitoring and protection devices according to the corresponding standards (e.g. technical equipment, regulations for prevention of accidents, etc.). The controller may be adapted to your application as described in this documentation.



#### DANGER!

- After the controller has been disconnected from the supply voltage, live components and power connection must not be touched immediately, since capacitors could be charged. Please observe the corresponding notes on the controller.
- · Close all protective covers and doors prior to and during operation.
- Do not cycle input power to the controller more than once every two minutes.
- For SMVector models that are equipped with a Disconnect Switch (11th character in model number is L or M), the Disconnect Switch is intended as a motor service disconnect and does not provide branch circuit protection to the inverter or motor. When servicing the motor, it is necessary to wait 3 minutes after turning this switch to the off position before working on motor power wiring as the inverter stores electrical power. To service the inverter, it is necessary to remove mains ahead of the drive and wait 3 minutes.

#### **Safety Notifications**

All safety information given in these Operating Instructions includes a visual icon, a bold signal word and a description.



Signal Word! (characterizes the severity of the danger) NOTE (describes the danger and informs on how to proceed)

Icon	Signal Word	Meaning	Consequences if ignored
Â	DANGER!	Warns of hazardous electrical voltage.	Death or severe injuries.
	WARNING!	Warns of potential, very hazardous situations.	Risk of severe injury to personnel and/or damage to equipment.
<u>_</u>	WARNING! Hot Surface	Warns of hot surface and risk of burns. Labels may be on or inside the equipment to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.	Risk of severe injury to personnel.
STOP	STOP!	Warns of potential damage to material and equipment.	Damage to the controller/drive or its environment.
i	NOTE	Designates a general, useful note.	None. If observed, then using the control- ler/drive system is made easier.

# Safety Information



### Harmonics Notification in accordance with EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-12:

Operation in public supply networks (Limitation of harmonic currents i.a.w. EN 61000-3-2, Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Limits). Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current up to 16A/phase).

Directive	Total Power connected to Mains (public supply)	Additional Measures Required for Compliance <sup>(2)</sup>
	< 0.5kW	with mains choke
EN 61000-3-2	0.5 1kW	with active filter
	> 1kW	complies without additional measures
EN 61000-3-12	16 75amp	Additional measures are required for compliance with the standard

(1) For compliance with EMC regulations, the permissable cable lengths may change.

(2) The additional measures described only ensure that the controller meets the requirements of the EN 61000-3-2. The machine/system manufacturer is responsible for the machine's compliance with the regulations.

### Safety Information in accordance with EN 61800-5-1:



#### DANGER! - Risk of Electric Shock

Capacitors retain charge for approximately 180 seconds after power is removed. Disconnect incoming power and wait at least 3 minutes before touching the drive.

#### DANGER! - Risque de choc électrique

Les condensateurs restent sous charge pendant environ 180 secondes après une coupure de courant. Couper l'alimentation et patienter pendant au moins 3 minutes avant de toucher l'entraînement.



#### WARNING!

- This product can cause a d.c. current in the PE conductor. Where a residual currentoperated (RCD) or monitoring (RCM) device is used for protection in case of direct or indirect contact, only an RCD or RCM Type B is allowed on the supply side of this product.
- Leakage Current may exceed 3.5mA AC. The minimum size of the PE conductor shall comply with local safety regulations for high leakage current equipment.
- In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case supplementary mitigation measures may be required.

## Safety Information in accordance with UL:

Note for UL approved system with integrated controllers: UL warnings are notes which apply to UL systems. The documentation contains special information about UL.



- Integral solid state protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection
  must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes. The
  use of fuses or circuit breakers is the only approved means for branch circuit protection.
- When protected by CC and T Class Fuses, suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 200,000 rms symmetrical amperes, at the maximum voltage rating marked on the drive.
- Additionally suitable when protected by a circuit breaker having an interrupting rating not less than 200,000 rms symmetrical amperes, at the maximum voltage rating marked on the drive. (Excludes ESV113xx2T, ESV153xx2T, ESV113xx4T, ESV153xx4T, ESV183xx4T, ESV23xx4T, ESV303xx4T, ESV113xx6T, ESV153xx6T, ESV183xx6T, ESV223xx6T, and ESV303xx6T).
- Use minimum 75°C copper wire only, except for control circuits.
- For control circuits, use wiring suitable for NEC Class 1 circuits only.
- Torque Requirements (in accordance with UL) are listed in section 3.2.1, Power Connections and in 3.2.3, Control terminals
- · Shall be installed in a pollution degree 2 macro-environment.
- NEMA 1 (IP31) models shall be installed in a pollution degree 2 macro-environment.
- All models are suitable for installation in a compartment handling Conditioned Air (i.e., plenum rated).



#### WARNING!

The opening of branch-circuit protective device may be an indication that a fault has been interrupted. To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, current carrying parts and other components of the controller should be examined and replaced if damaged.



#### AVERTISSEMENT!

Le déclenchement du dispositif de protection du circuit de dérivation peut être dû à une coupure qui résulte d'un courant de défaut. Pour limiter le risque d'incendie ou de choc électrique, examiner les pièces porteuses de courant et les autres éléments du contrôleur et les remplacer s'ils sont endommagés. En cas de grillage de l'élément traverse par le courant dans un relais de surcharge, le relais tout entier doit être remplacé.



#### NOTE

Control and communications terminals provide reinforced insulation (i.e. considered SELV or PELV, providing protection in case of direct contact) when the drive is connected to a power system rated up to 300VAC between phase to ground (PE) and the applied voltage on Terminals 16 and 17 is less than 150VAC between phase to ground. Otherwise, control and communications terminals provide basic insulation.



# 2 Technical Data

## 2.1 Standards and Application Conditions

CE	Low Voltage (2006/95/EC) & EMC (2004/108/EC) Directives			
UL508C	Underwriters Laboratories -Power Conversion Equipment			
<u>≤</u> 2%				
TT TN	<ul> <li>For central grounded systems, operation is permitted without restrictions.</li> <li>For corner grounded 400/500V systems, operation is possible but reinforced insulation to control circuits is compromised.</li> </ul>			
$\leq$ 95% non-condens	sing			
Transport	-25 +70°C			
Storage	-20 +70°C			
Operation	-10 +55°C (with 2.5%/°C current derating above +40°C)			
0 - 4000m a.m.s.l.	(with 5%/1000 m current derating above 1000m a.m.s.l.)			
acceleration resistant up to 1.0g				
> 3.5 mA to PE				
<= 4.0 Hp (3.0 kW)	30 meters shielded, 60 meters un-shielded			
=> 5.0 Hp (3.7 kW)	50 meters shielded, 100 meters un-shielded.			
IP31/NEMA 1	IP65/NEMA 4X			
NEMA 1 and NEMA 4X model enclosures are plenum rated in accordance with U 508C and are suitable for installation in a compartment handling conditioned air				
	s, over voltage, under voltage, motor stalling, over temperature % of FLA), short circuit (SCCR=200kA at rated voltage)			
< 0.5kW	with mains choke			
0.5 1kW	with active filter			
> 1kW	without additional measures			
16 75amp	Additional measures required for compliance with EN 61000-3-12			
	UL508C ≤ 2% TT TN ≤ 95% non-condens Transport Storage Operation 0 - 4000m a.m.s.l. acceleration resistar > 3.5 mA to PE <= 4.0 Hp (3.0 kW) => 5.0 Hp (3.7 kW) IP31/NEMA 1 NEMA 1 and NEMA 4 508C and are suitab Earth fault, phase los motor overload (125% < 0.5 kW 0.5 1kW > 1kW			

Operation in public supply networks (Limitation of harmonic currents i.a.w. EN 61000-3-2, Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Limits). Limits for harmonic current emissions (equipment input current up to 16A/phase).

(1) The stated cable lengths are permissible at default carrier frequencies (refer to parameter P166).

(2) The additional measures described only ensure that the controller meets the requirements of the EN 61000-3-2. The machine/system manufacturer is responsible for the machine's compliance with the regulations.



# **Technical Data**

# 2.2 SMV Type Number Designation

The table herein describes the Type numbering designation for the SMVector Inverter models.

	ESV	152	NO	2	T	Х		
Electrical Products in the SMVector Series			4					
Power Rating in kW:								
251 = 0.25kW (0.33HP)	113 = 11.04	W (15HP)						
371 = 0.37kW (0.5HP)	153 = 15.0k	W (20HP)						
751 = 0.75kW (1HP)	183 = 18.5k	W (25HP)						
112 = 1.1kW (1.5HP)	223 = 22.0	W (30HP)						
152 = 1.5kW (2HP)	303 = 30.04	W (40HP)						
222 = 2.2kW (3HP)	373 = 37.5	W (50HP)						
302 = 3.0kW (4HP)	453 = 45.04	W (60HP)						
402 = 4.0kW (5HP)								
552 = 5.5kW (7.5HP)								
752 = 7.5kW (10HP)								
Installed I/O & Communication Module(s):								
C_ = CANopen (Available all models)	The "_" blar	nk can be:						
D_ = DeviceNet (Available all models)	0 = Standar	d Keypad						
E_ = Ethernet/IP, (Available all models)								
R_ = RS-485 / ModBus /Lecom (Avail all mode	els)							
P_ = ProfiBus-DP (Available all models)								
N_ = No Communications installed				]				
Input Voltage:								
1 = 120 VAC (doubler output) or 240 VAC								
2 = 240 VAC								
4 = 400/480 VAC								
6 = 600 VAC								
Input Phase:								
S = Single Phase Input only								
Y = Single or Three Phase Input								
T = Three Phase Input only								
Input Line Filter								
F = Integral EMC Filter								
L = Integral EMC Filter and Integrated Disconn	ect Switch (NEMA 4)	/IP65 Models	only)					
M = Integrated Disconnect Switch (NEMA 4X/I	P65 Models only)							
X = No EMC Filter/ No Disconnect Switch								
Enclosure:								
B = NEMA 1/IP31; Indoor only								
C = NEMA 4X/IP65; Indoor only; Convection cooled								
D = NEMA 4X/IP65; Indoor only; Fan cooled								
E = NEMA 4X/IP65; Indoor/Outdoor; Convection	n cooled							
F = NEMA 4X/IP65; Indoor/Outdoor; Fan cooled	h							



#### Prior to installation make sure the enclosure is suitable for the end-use environment

Variables that influence enclosure suitability include (but are not limited to) temperature, airborne contaminates, chemical concentration, mechanical stress and duration of exposure (sunlight, wind, precipitation).

# 2.3 Ratings

# 120V / 240VAC Models

Mains = 120V Single Phase (1/N/PE) (90132V), 240V Single Phase (2/PE) (170264V); 4862Hz									
Туре	Power		Mains Current		Output Current		Heat Loss (Watts)		
	Нр	kW	120V A	240V A	Cont (I <sub>n</sub> ) A	Max I %	N1/IP31	N4X/IP65 No filter	N4X/IP65 W/ filter
ESV2511S	0.33	0.25	6.8	3.4	1.7	200	24		
ESV3711S	0.5	0.37	9.2	4.6	2.4	200	32	32	
ESV7511S	1	0.75	16.6	8.3	4.2	200	52	41	
ESV1121S	1.5	1.1	20	10.0	6.0	200	74	74	

### NOTES:

Output Current: The Output Current Maximum (%) is a percentage of the Output Current Continuous Amps (In) rating and is adjustable in parameter P171.

## 240VAC Models

Mains = 240V Single Phase (2/PE) (170264V); 4862Hz											
Туре	Power		Mains Current	Output	Output Current		Heat Loss (Watts)				
	Hp kW		240V A	Cont (I <sub>n</sub> ) A	Max I %	N1/IP31	N4X/IP65 No filter	N4X/IP65 W/ filter			
ESV2512S	0.33	0.25	3.4	1.7	200	20					
ESV3712S	0.5	0.37	5.1	2.4	200			30			
ESV7512S	1	0.75	8.8	4.2	200			42			
ESV1122S	1.5	1.1	12.0	6.0	200			63			
ESV1522S	2	1.5	13.3	7.0	200			73			
ESV2222S 3 2.2		17.1	9.6	200			97				

240V Single Phase (2/PE) (170264V), 240V Three Phase (3/PE) (170264V); 4862Hz										
Туре	Power		Mains Current		Output Current		Heat Loss (Watts)			
	Нр	kW	1~ (2/PE) A	3~ (3/PE) A	Cont (I <sub>n</sub> ) A	Max I %	N1/IP31	N4X/IP65 No filter	N4X/IP65 W/ filter	
ESV3712Y	0.5	0.37	5.1	2.9	2.4	200	27	26		
ESV7512Y	1	0.75	8.8	5.0	4.2	200	41	38		
ESV1122Y	1.5	1.1	12.0	6.9	6.0	200	64	59		
ESV1522Y	2	1.5	13.3	8.1	7.0	200	75	69		
ESV2222Y	3	2.2	17.1	10.8	9.6	200	103	93		

240V Three Phase (3/PE) (170264V); 4862Hz										
Туре	Type Power Mains Current Output Current Heat Loss (Watts)									
			240V	Cont (I <sub>n</sub> )	Max I	N1/IP31		N4X/IP65		
Hp kW A A % No filter W/ filter										



ESV1122T	1.5	1.1	6.9	6	200	64		
ESV1522T	2	1.5	8.1	7	200	75		
ESV2222T	3	2.2	10.8	9.6	200	103		
ESV4022T	5	4.0	18.6	16.5	200	154	139	
ESV5522T	7.5	5.5	26	23	200	225	167	
ESV7522T	10	7.5	33	29	200	274	242	
ESV1132T	15	11	48	42	180	485	468	
ESV1532T	20	15	59	54	180	614	591	

#### NOTES:

Output Current: The Output Current Maximum (%) is a percentage of the Output Current Continuous Amps (In) rating and is adjustable in parameter P171.

## 400...480VAC Models

400 4	80V Thre	e Phase	e (3/PE) (	400V: 34	404	40V),	(480	V: 34	0528V);	4862Hz	
Туре	Po	wer	Mains	Current	0	utput	Curre	ent	Hea	at Loss (Wa	atts)
	Нр	kW	400V A	480V A		t (I <sub>n</sub> ) A		ax I 6	N1/IP31	N4X/IP65 No filter	N4X/IP65 W/ filter
					400V	480V	400V	480V			
ESV3714T	0.5	0.37	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.1	175	200	23	21	25
ESV7514T	1	0.75	2.9	2.5	2.4	2.1	175	200	37	33	37
ESV1124T	1.5	1.1	4.2	3.6	3.5	3.0	175	200	48	42	46
ESV1524T	2	1.5	4.7	4.1	4.0	3.5	175	200	57	50	54
ESV2224T	3	2.2	6.1	5.4	5.5	4.8	175	200	87	78	82
ESV3024T	4	3.0	8.3	7.0	7.6	6.3	175	200			95
ESV4024T	5	4.0	10.6	9.3	9.4	8.2	175	200	128	103	111
ESV5524T	7.5	5.5	14.2	12.4	12.6	11.0	175	200	178	157	165
ESV7524T	10	7.5	18.1	15.8	16.1	14.0	175	200	208	190	198
ESV1134T	15	11	27	24	24	21	155	180	418	388	398
ESV1534T	20	15	35	31	31	27	155	180	493	449	459
ESV1834T	25	18.5	44	38	39	34	155	180	645	589	600
ESV2234T	30	22	52	45	46	40	155	180	709	637	647
ESV3034T	40	30	68	59	60	52	155	180	1020		
ESV3734T	50	37.5	85	74	75	65	155	180	1275		
ESV4534T	60	45	100	87	88	77	155	180	1530		

#### NOTES:

Output Current: The Output Current Maximum (%) is a percentage of the Output Current Continuous Amps (In) rating and is adjustable in parameter P171.

For 400...480 VAC models, the output current maximum (%) in the 400V column is used when P107 = 0For 400...480 VAC models, the output current maximum (%) in the 480V column is used when P107 = 1



	(	600V Thr	ee Phase (3/PE)	(42566	0V); 486	2Hz		
Туре	Po	wer	Mains Current	Outpu	t Current	Heat Loss (Watts)		
	Нр	kW	А	Cont (I <sub>n</sub> ) A	Max I %	N1/IP31	N4X/IP65 No filter	N4X/IP65 W/ filter
ESV7516T	1	0.75	2	1.7	200	37	31	
ESV1526T	2	1.5	3.2	2.7	200	51	43	
ESV2226T	3	2.2	4.4	3.9	200	68	57	
ESV4026T	5	4	6.8	6.1	200	101	67	
ESV5526T	7.5	5.5	10.2	9	200	148	116	
ESV7526T	10	7.5	12.4	11	200	172	152	
ESV1136T	15	11	19.7	17	180	380	356	
ESV1536T	20	15	25	22	180	463	431	
ESV1836T	25	18.5	31	27	180	560	519	
ESV2236T	30	22	36	32	180	640	592	
ESV3036T	40	30	47	41	180	930		
ESV3736T	50	37.5	59	52	180	1163		
ESV4536T	60	45	71	62	180	1395		

## 600VAC Models

#### NOTES:

Output Current: The Output Current Maximum (%) is a percentage of the Output Current Continuous Amps (In) rating and is adjustable in parameter P171.



### STOP!

- For installations above 1000m a.m.s.l., derate I<sub>n</sub> by 5% per 1000m, do not exceed 4000m a.m.s.l.
- Operation above 40°C, derate I by 2.5% per °C, do not exceed 55°C.

Output Current (In) derating for Carrier Frequency (P166) for NEMA 1 (IP31) Models:

- If P166=2 (8 kHz), derate I to 92% of drive rating
- If P166=3 (10 kHz), derate I to 84% of drive rating

Output Current (In) derating for Carrier Frequency (P166) for NEMA 4X (IP65) Models:

- If P166=1 (6 kHz), derate In to 92% of drive rating
- If P166=2 (8 kHz), derate In to 84% of drive rating
- If P166=3 (10 kHz), derate In to 76% of drive rating



# 3 Installation

## 3.1 Dimensions and Mounting

#### WARNING!

Drives must not be installed where subjected to adverse environmental conditions such as: combustible, oily, or hazardous vapors; corrosive chemicals; excessive dust, moisture or vibration; direct sunlight or extreme temperatures. For proper installation drives must be mounted upright in a vertical fashon on a vertical plane.

## 3.1.1 NEMA 1 (IP31) Models $\leq$ 30HP (22kW)







	Туре	a in (mm)	<b>a1</b> in (mm)	b in (mm)	b1 in (mm)	<b>b2</b> in (mm)	<b>c</b> in (mm)	s1 in (mm)	<b>s2</b> in (mm)	m Ib (kg)
G1	ESV251~~~~B; ESV371~~~~B ESV751~~~~B	3.90 (99)	3.12 (79)	7.48 (190)	7.00 (178)	0.24 (6)	4.35 (111)	0.6 (15)	2.0 (50)	2.0 (0.9)
G2	ESV112~~~~B; ESV152~~~~B ESV222~~~~B	3.90 (99)	3.12 (79)	7.52 (191)	7.00 (178)	0.26 (7)	5.45 (138)	0.6 (15)	2.0 (50)	2.8 (1.3)
G3	ESV402~~~~B	3.90 (99)	3.12 (79)	7.52 (191)	7.00 (178)	0.30 (8)	5.80 (147)	0.6 (15)	2.0 (50)	3.2 (1.5)
H1	ESV552~~~~B; ESV752~~~~B	5.12 (130)	4.25 (108)	9.83 (250)	9.30 (236)	0.26 (7)	6.30 (160)	0.6 (15)	2.0 (50)	6.0 (2.0)
J1	ESV113~~~~B; ESV153~~~~B ESV183~~~~B; ESV223~~~~B	6.92 (176)	5.75 (146)	12.50 (318)	11.88 (302)	0.31 (8)	8.09 (205)	0.6 (15)	2.0 (50)	13.55 (6.15)

Conduit Hole Dimensions	Туре	N in (mm)	P in (mm)	<b>P1</b> in (mm)	Q in (mm)	S in (mm)
	G1	1.84 (47)	1.93 (49)	.70 (18)	1.00 (25)	.88 (22)
	G2	1.84 (47)	3.03 (77)	.70 (18)	1.00 (25)	.88 (22)
	G3	1.84 (47)	3.38 (86)	.70 (18)	1.00 (25)	.88 (22)
	H1	2.46 (62)	3.55 (90)	.13 (3)	1.38 (35)	1.13 (29)
		2.40 (02)	3.33 (30)	. 13 (3)	1.30 (33)	.88 (22)
	J1	3.32 (84)	4 69 (117)	72 (10)	1 40 (26)	1.31 (33)
	JI	3.32 (84)	4.62 (117)	.73 (19)	1.40 (36)	.88 (22)

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## 3.1.2 NEMA 1 (IP31) Models > 30HP (22kW)



Conduit Hole Dimensions	Туре	N in (mm)	P in (mm)	<b>P1</b> in (mm)	Q in (mm)	S in (mm)	<b>S1</b> in (mm)
	K1	3.75 (95)	5.42 (137)	1.50 (38.1)	1.75 (44.4)	1.75 (44.4)	0.875 (22.2)
	K2	3.75 (95)	5.42 (137)	1.50 (38.1)	1.75 (44.4)	1.75 (44.4)	0.875 (22.2)
	КЗ	3.75 (95)	5.42 (137)	1.50 (38.1)	1.75 (44.4)	1.75 (44.4)	0.875 (22.2)



## 3.1.3 NEMA 4X (IP65) Models







	Туре	a in (mm)	<b>a1</b> in (mm)	b in (mm)	<b>b1</b> in (mm)	<b>b2</b> in (mm)	c in (mm)	<b>s1</b> in (mm)	<b>s2</b> in (mm)	m lb (kg)
R1	ESV371N01SX_; ESV751N01SX_; ESV371N02YX_; ESV751N02YX_; ESV371N04TX_; ESV751N04TX_; ESV751N06TX_; ESV371N02SF_; ESV751N02SF_; ESV371N04TF_; ESV751N04TF_;	6.28 (160)	5.90 (150)	8.00 (203)	6.56 (167)	0.66 (17)	4.47 (114)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	3.6 (1.63)
R2	ESV112N01SX_; ESV112N02YX_; ESV152N02YX_; ESV12N04TX_; ESV152N04TX_; ESV222N04TX_; ESV152N06TX_; ESV222N06TX_; ESV112N02SF_; ESV152N02SF_; ESV112N04TF_; ESV152N04TF_; ESV222N04TF_; ESV302N04TF_;	6.28 (160)	5.90 (150)	8.00 (203)	6.56 (167)	0.66 (17)	6.31 (160)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	5.9 (2.68)
S1	ESV222N02YX_; ESV222N02SF_	7.12 (181)	6.74 (171)	8.00 (203)	6.56 (167)	0.66 (17)	6.77 (172)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	7.1 (3.24)
T1	ESV552N02TX~; ESV752N02TX~ ESV752N04TX~; ESV752N06TX~; ESV752N04TF~	8.04 (204)	7.56 (192)	10.00 (254)	8.04 (204)	0.92 (23)	8.00 (203)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	10.98 (4.98)
V1	ESV402N02TX_; ESV402N04TX_; ESV552N04TX_; ESV402N06TX_ ESV552N06TX_; ESV402N04TF_; ESV552N06TF_;	8.96 (228)	8.48 (215)	10.00 (254)	8.04 (204)	0.92 (23)	8.00 (203)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	11.58 (5.25)
W1	ESV113N02TX~; ESV153N02TX~ ESV113N04TX~; ESV153N04TX~ ESV113N04TF~; ESV153N04TF~ ESV113N04TF~; ESV153N06TX~ ESV183N04TX~; ESV183N04TF~ ESV183N04TX~;	9.42 (240)	8.94 (228)	14.50 (368)	12.54 (319)	0.92 (24)	9.45 (241)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	22.0 (10.0)
X1	ESV223N04TX~; ESV223N04TF~ ESV223N06TX~	9.42 (240)	8.94 (228)	18.5 (470)	16.54 (420)	0.92 (24)	9.45 (241)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	25.5 (11.6)
	= Last digit of part number: C = N4X Indoor (convection cooled) ~ = Last digit of part number: D = N4X Indoor (fan cooled)									

\_ = Last digit of part number:

C = N4X Indoor (convection cooled) E = N4X In/Outdoor (convection cooled)

Conduit Hole	Dimensions	Туре	N in (mm)	P in (mm)	Q in (mm)	S in (mm)	<b>S1</b> in (mm)
	<b></b> 00	R1	3.14 (80)	2.33 (59)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
s s		R2	3.14 (80)	4.18 (106)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
		\$1	3.56 (90)	4.63 (118)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
		T1	4.02 (102)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.06 (27)	1.06 (27)
P		V1	4.48 (114)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.06 (27)	1.06 (27)
		W1	4.71 (120)	5.70 (145)	2.00 (51)	1.375 (35)	1.125 (28)
N+	₩ <u>₩</u>	X1	4.71 (120)	5.70 (145)	2.00 (51)	1.375 (35)	1.125 (28)





#### 3.1.4 NEMA 4X (IP65) Models with Disconnect Switch







		а	a1	b	b1	b2	с	c1	s1	s2	m
	Туре	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	in	lb
		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(kg)
AA1	ESV371N01SM_; ESV371N02YM_; ESV371N02SL_; ESV371N04TM_; ESV371N04TL_; ESV371N06TM_; ESV751N02SL_; ESV751N04TM_; ESV751N02SL_; ESV751N04TM_;	6.28 (160)	5.90 (150)	10.99 (279)	9.54 (242)	0.66 (17)	4.47 (114)	.86 (22)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	4.7 (2.13)
AA2	ESV112N01SM_; ESV112N02YM_; ESV112N02SL_; ESV12N04TM_; ESV12N02TL_; ESV152N02YM_; ESV152N02SL_; ESV152N04TM_; ESV152N04TL_; ESV152N06TM_; ESV222N04TTL_; ESV22N04TL_; ESV222N06TM_; ESV302N04TL_;	6.28 (160)	5.90 (150)	10.99 (279)	9.54 (242)	0.66 (17)	6.31 (160)	.86 (22)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	7.9 (3.58)
AD1	ESV222N02SL_; ESV222N02YM_;	7.12 (181)	6.74 (171)	10.99 (279)	9.54 (242)	0.66 (17)	6.77 (172)	.86 (22)	2.00 (51)	2.00 (51)	9.0 (4.08)
AB1	ESV552N02TM~; ESV752N02TM~ ESV752N04TM~; ESV752N06TM~; ESV752N04TL~	8.04 (204)	7.56 (192)	13.00 (330)	11.04 (280)	0.92 (23)	8.00 (203)	.86 (22)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	13.9 (6.32)
AC1	ESV402N02TM_; ESV402N04TM_; ESV552N04TM_; ESV402N06TM_; ESV552N06TM_; ESV402N04TL_; ESV552N06TL_	8.96 (228)	8.48 (215)	13.00 (330)	11.04 (280)	0.92 (23)	8.04 204)	.86 (22)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	14.7 (6.66)
AE1	ESV113N04TM~; ESV153N04TM~, ESV113N06TM~; ESV153N06TM~	9.42 (240)	8.94 (228)	14.50 (368)	12.54 (319)	0.92 (24)	9.45 (241)	0.73 (19)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	23.0 (10.4)
AF1	ESV113N02TM~; ESV153N02TM~ ESV113N04TL~; ESV153N04TL~ ESV183N04TL~; ESV223N04TL~ ESV183N04TL~; ESV223N04TL~ ESV183N04TM~; ESV223N04TM~	9.42 (240)	8.94 (228)	18.5 (470)	16.54 (420)	0.92 (24)	9.45 (241)	0.73 (19)	4.00 (102)	4.00 (102)	28.5 (12.9)

\_ = Last digit of part number: C = N4X Indoor (convection cooled)

~ = Last digit of part number: D = N4X Indoor (fan cooled)



Туре	N in (mm)	P in (mm)	Q in (mm)	S in (mm)	<b>S1</b> in (mm)
AA1	3.14 (80)	2.33 (59)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
AA2	3.14 (80)	4.18 (106)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
AD1	3.56 (90)	4.63 (118)	1.50 (38)	.88 (22)	.87 (22)
AB1	4.02 (102)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.06 (27)	1.06 (27)
AC1	4.48 (114)	5.00 (127)	1.85 (47)	1.06 (27)	1.06 (27)
AE1	4.71 (120)	5.70 (145)	2.00 (51)	1.375 (35)	1.125 (28)
AF1	4.71 (120)	5.70 (145)	2.00 (51)	1.375 (35)	1.125 (28)



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## 3.2 Electrical Installation

### Installation After a Long Period of Storage



#### STOP!

Severe damage to the drive can result if it is operated after a long period of storage or inactivity without reforming the DC bus capacitors.

If input power has not been applied to the drive for a period of time exceeding three years (due to storage, etc), the electrolytic DC bus capacitors within the drive can change internally, resulting in excessive leakage current. This can result in premature failure of the capacitors if the drive is operated after such a long period of inactivity or storage.

In order to reform the capacitors and prepare the drive for operation after a long period of inactivity, apply input power to the drive for 8 hours prior to actually operating the motor.

## 3.2.1 Power Connections



#### STOP!

If the kVA rating of the AC supply transformer is greater than 10 times the input kVA rating of the drive(s), an isolation transformer or 2-3% input line reactor must be added to the line side of the drive(s).



#### DANGER! Hazard of electrical shock!

Circuit potentials up to 600 VAC are possible. Capacitors retain charge after power is removed. Disconnect power and wait at least three minutes before servicing the drive.



#### STOP!

- · Verify mains voltage before connecting to drive.
- Do not connect mains power to the output terminals (U,V,W)! Severe damage to the drive will result.
- · Do not cycle mains power more than once every two minutes. Damage to the drive may result.

-    .	Mains and Motor Terminations									
te la	Туре	Torque	Strip Length							
~	<5HP	12 lb-in (1.3 Nm)	5/16 in (8mm)							
	ESV552xx2T, ESV752xx2T, ESV113xx4/6, ESV153xx4/6, ESV183xx6, ESV223xx6	16 lb-in (1.8 Nm)	5/16 in (8mm)							
	ESV552xx4Txx, ESV752xx4Txx, ESV552xx6Txx, ESV752xx6Txx	12 lb-in (1.3Nm)	0.25 in (6mm)							
	ESV113xx2xxx, ESV153xx2xxx, ESV183xx4xxx, ESV223xx4xxx, ESV303xx4xxx	24 lb-in (2.7 Nm)	7/16 in (10mm)							
	ESV373xx4xxx, ESV453xx4xxx	27 lb-in (3.05 Nm)	0.75 in (19mm)							
	Torque: N4X/IP65 Door Screws									
	N4X/IP65	6-7 lb-in (0.67-0.79 Nm)	0.25 in (6mm)							

## 3.2.1.1 Mains Connection to 120VAC Single-Phase Supply







### 3.2.1.2 Mains Connection to 240VAC Single-Phase Supply



#### 3.2.1.3 Mains Connection to Three-Phase Supply



### 3.2.1.4 Motor Connection



#### WARNING!

If the cable connection between the drive and the motor has an in-line contactor or circuit breaker then the drive must be stopped prior to opening/closing the contacts. Failure to do so may result in Overcurrent trips and/or damage to the inverter.

#### WARNING!

Leakage current may exceed 3.5 mA AC. The minimum size of the protective earth (PE) conductor shall comply with local safety regulations for high leakage current equipment.

# STOP

#### STOP!

In the case of a Spinning Motor:

To bring free-wheeling loads such as fans to a rest before starting the drive, use the DC injection braking function. Starting a drive into a freewheeling motor creates a direct short-circuit and may result in damage to the drive.

Confirm motor suitability for use with DC injection braking. Consult parameter P110 for starting / restarting into spinning motors.



### 3.2.1.5 Installation Recommendations for EMC Compliance

For compliance with EN 61800-3 or other EMC standards, motor cables, line cables and control or communications cables must be shielded with each shield/screen clamped to the drive chassis. This clamp is typically located at the conduit mounting plate.

The EMC requirements apply to the final installation in its entirety, not to the individual components used. Because every installation is different, the recommended installation should follow these guidelines as a minimum. Additional equipment (such as ferrite core absorbers on power conductors) or alternative practices may be required to meet conformance in some installations.

Motor cable should be low capacitance (core/core <75pF/m, core/shield <150pF/m). Filtered drives can meet the class A limits of EN 55011 and EN 61800-3 Category 2 with this type of motor cable up to 10 meters.

NOTE: Refer to Appendix A for recommended cable lengths. Any external line filter should have its chassis connected to the drive chassis by mounting hardware or with the shortest possible wire or braid.



### 3.2.1.6 NEMA 4X (IP65) Input Terminal Block

For NEMA 4X (IP65) models with integrated EMC filter and/or integrated line disconnect, the input terminal block is located on the right-hand side of the SMV inverter in the NEMA 4 X (IP65) enclosure. The single and three phase models are illustrated herein. Refer to paragraph 3.2.3 Control Terminals for pin out information.





#### WARNING

Power remains present for up to 3 minutes on power input terminals (L1, L2 and L3) and output terminals (U, V and W) even when the disconnect switch is in the OFF position. Remove input power ahead of the drive and wait 3 minutes before removing the terminal cover.



### 3.2.1.7 Dynamic Brake Connections

For NEMA 1 and NEMA 4X Drives rated up to 30HP (22kW) the Dynamic Brake connections are made as illustrated herein. Refer to the SMV Dynamic Brake Instructions (DBV01) for complete information.



The SMV 40...60Hp (30...45kW) models include a dynamic brake transistor as standard and only require the connection of an external resistor kit for dynamic braking operation. The dynamic brake resistor connections for 40...60 Hp (30...45kW) drives are standard built-in connections as illustrated in the diagram below. In the 40Hp (30kW) model drives, the dynamic brake connector is on the right-hand side of the drive and the terminals from top to bottom are B-, BRAKE and B+. In the 50/60HP (37.5/45 kW) model drives, the dynamic brake connector is on the left-hand side of the drive and the terminals from top to bottom are B+, BRAKE and B-.



External resistor kits must be connected to terminals B+ and BRAKE (no connection to B-). Refer to the table herein for external resistor kit selection. Refer to parameter P189 for enabling the dynamic brake function in the 40...60Hp (30...45kW) models.

400/480	VAC SMV Inv	verter		Resiste	or Kit	
Туре	Нр	kW	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	Power (W)	Catalog #	SAP#
ESV303**4T**	40	30	23.5	1020	841-013	13317724
ESV373**4T**	50	37	17	1400	841-015	13317626
ESV453**4T**	60	45	17	1400	841-015	13317626
600 V	AC SMV Inve	rter	Resistor Kit			
Туре	Нр	kW	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	Power (W)	Catalog #	SAP#
ESV303**6T**	40	30	35	1070	841-014	13317624
ESV373**6T**	50	37	24	1560	841-016	13317628
ESV453**6T**	60	45	24	1560	841-016	13317628



i

# Installation

## 3.2.2 Fuses/Cable Cross-Sections

NOTE: Observe local regulations. Local codes may supersede these recommendations

MARNING: Use a FUSE \* for 240V drives requiring > 40A protection and for 400/480/600V drives requiring > 32A protection.

		Recommendations					
	Туре	Fuse	Miniature circuit	Fuse <sup>(2)*</sup> or Breaker <sup>(3)</sup>	Input Power Wiring (L1, L2, L3, PE)		
			breaker <sup>(1)</sup>	(N. America)	[mm <sup>2</sup> ]	[AWG]	
	ESV251N01SXB	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14	
120V	ESV371N01SXB, ESV371N01SX*	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14	
1~ (1/N/PE)	ESV751N01SXB, ESV751N01SX*	M25 A	C25 A	25 A	4	10	
( ,	ESV112N01SXB, ESV112N01SX*	M32 A	C32 A	30A	4	10	
	ESV251N01SXB, ESV251N02SXB, ESV371N01SXB, ESV371N02YXB, ESV371N02SF*	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14	
240V	ESV751N01SXB, ESV751N02YXB, ESV751N02SF*	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14	
1~ (2/PE)	ESV112N02YXB, ESV112N02SFC, ESV112N01SXB ESV112N01SX*	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	12	
	ESV152N02YXB, ESV152N02SF*	M25 A	C25 A	25 A	2.5	12	
	ESV222N02YXB, ESV222N02SF*	M32 A	C32A	30 A	4	10	
	ESV371N02YXB, ESV751N02YXB, ESV371N02Y_*, ESV751N02Y_*	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14	
	ESV112N02YXB, ESV152N02YXB, ESV112N02TXB, ESV152N02TXB, ESV112N02Y_*, ESV152N02Y_*	M16 A	C16 A	12 A	1.5	14	
240V	ESV222N02YXB, ESV222N02TXB, ESV222N02YX*	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	12	
3~	ESV402N02TXB, ESV402N02T_*	M32 A	C32 A	30 A	4.0	10	
(3/PE)	ESV552N02TXB, ESV552N02T_~	M40 A	C40 A	35 A	6.0	8	
	ESV752N02TXB, ESV752N02T_~	M50 A	* use Fuse only	45 A *	10	8	
	ESV113N02TXB, ESV113N02TX~, ESV113N02TM~	M80 A	* use Fuse only	80 A *	16	6	
	ESV153N02TXB, ESV153N02TX~, ESV153N02TM~	M100 A	* use Fuse only	90 A *	16	4	
	ESV371N04TXBESV222N04TXB ESV371N04T_*ESV222N04T_* ESV371N04TF*ESV222N04TF*	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14	
400V or 480V	ESV302N04T_*	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14	
3~(3/PE)	ESV402N04TXB, ESV402N04T_*	M16 A	C16 A	20 A	2.5	14	
. ,	ESV552N04TXB, ESV552N04T_*	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	14	
	ESV752N04TXB, ESV752N04T_~	M25 A	C25 A	25 A	4.0	10	
	ESV113N04TXB, ESV113N04T_~	M40 A	* use Fuse only	40 A *	4	8	
	ESV153N04TXB, ESV153N04T_~	M50 A	* use Fuse only	50 A *	10	8	
400V	ESV183N04TXB, ESV183N04T_~	M63 A	* use Fuse only	70 A *	10	6	
or 480V	ESV223N04TXB, ESV223N04T_~	M80 A	* use Fuse only	80 A *	16	6	
3~(3/PE)	ESV303N04TXB	M100 A	* use Fuse only	100 A *	25	4	
	ESV373N04TXB	M125 A	* use Fuse only	125 A *	35	2	
	ESV453N04TXB	M160 A	* use Fuse only	150 A *	35	1	
	ESV751N06TXBESV222N06TXB ESV751N06T_*ESV222N06T_*	M10 A	C10 A	10 A	1.5	14	
	ESV402N06TXB, ESV402N06T_*	M16 A	C16 A	12 A	1.5	14	
	ESV552N06TXB, ESV552N06T_*	M16 A	C16 A	15 A	2.5	14	
	ESV752N06TXB, ESV752N06T_~	M20 A	C20 A	20 A	2.5	12	
600V	ESV113N06TXB, ESV113N06TX~, ESV113N06TM~	M32 A	C32 A	30 A	4	10	
3~(3/PE)	ESV153N06TXB, ESV153N06TX~, ESV153N06TM~	M40 A	* use Fuse only	40 A *	4	8	
. ,	ESV183N06TXB, ESV183N06TX~, ESV183N06TM~	M50 A	* use Fuse only	50 A *	6	8	
	ESV223N06TXB, ESV223N06TX~, ESV223N06TM~	M63 A	* use Fuse only	60 A *	10	8	
	ESV303N06TXB	M80 A	* use Fuse only	70 A *	16	6	
	ESV373N06TXB	M100 A	* use Fuse only	90 A *	16	4	
	ESV453N06TXB	M125 A	* use Fuse only	110 A *	25	2	





#### Notes for Fuse and Cable Table:

(1) Installations with high fault current due to large supply mains may require a type D circuit breaker.

(2) UL Class CC or T fast-acting current-limiting type fuses, 200,000 AIC, preferred. Bussman KTK-R, JJN or JJS or equivalent.

(3) Thermomagnetic type breakers preferred.

_ 11th digit of part number:	F = Integral EMC Filter
	L = Integral EMC Filter and Integrated Disconnect Switch (NEMA 4X/IP65 Models only)
	M = Integrated Disconnect Switch (NEMA 4X/IP65 Models only)
	X = No EMC Filter/ No Disconnect Switch
* = Last digit of part number:	C = N4X Indoor only (convection cooled)
	E = N4X Indoor/Outdoor (convection cooled)
~ = Last digit of part number:	D = N4X Indoor only (fan cooled)
	F = N4X Indoor/Outdoor (fan cooled)

Observe the following when using Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters (GFCIs):

- · Installation of GFCI only between supplying mains and controller.
- · The GFCI can be activated by:
  - capacitive leakage currents between the cable screens during operation (especially with long, screened motor cables)
     connecting several controllers to the mains at the same time
  - RFI filters

### 3.2.3 Control Terminals

Control Terminal Strip for 0.33 - 10 HP (0.25 - 7.5 kW):



#### Control Terminal Strip for 15HP (11 kW) and Greater Drives:



## NOTE

i

Control and communications terminals provide basic insulation when the drive is connected to a power system rated up to 300V between phase to ground (PE) and the applied voltage on terminals 16 and 17 is less than 250 VAC between phase to phase and ground (PE).



For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/

#### **Control Terminal Strip Descriptions**

Terminal	Description	Important		
1	Digital Input: Start/Stop	input resistance = $4.3 k\Omega$		
2	Analog Common			
5	Analog Input: 010 VDC	input resistance: >50 k $\Omega$		
6	Internal DC supply for speed pot	+10 VDC, max. 10 mA		
25	Analog Input: 420 mA	input resistance: $250\Omega$		
4	Digital Reference/Common	+15 VDC / 0 VDC, depending on assertion level		
11	Internal DC supply for external devices	+12 VDC, max. 50 mA		
13A	Digital Input: Configurable with P121			
13B	Digital Input: Configurable with P122	input resistance = $4.3$ k $\Omega$		
13C	Digital Input: Configurable with P123			
13D*	Digital Input: Configurable with P124			
14	Digital Output: Configurable with P142, P144	DC 24 V / 50 mA; NPN		
30	Analog Output: Configurable with P150P155	010 VDC, max. 20 mA		
2*	Analog Common			
TXA*	RS485 TxA			
TXB*	RS485 TxB			
16	Relay output: Configurable with P140, P144	AC 250 V / 3 A		
17		DC 24 V / 2 A 240 V / 0.22 A, non-inductive		

\* = Terminal is part of the terminal strip for the 15HP (11kW) and higher models only.

Assertion level of digital inputs

The digital inputs can be configured for active-high or active-low by setting the Assertion Level Switch (ALsw) and P120. If wiring to the drive inputs with dry contacts or with PNP solid state switches, set the switch and P120 to "High" (+). If using NPN devices for inputs, set both to "Low" (-). Active-high (+) is the default setting.

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{HIGH} = +12 \ \ldots \ +30 \ \text{V} \\ \text{LOW} = 0 \ \ldots \ +3 \ \text{V} \end{array}$ 



### NOTE

An **F\_AL** fault will occur if the Assertion Level switch (ALsw) position does not match the parameter P120 setting and P100 or any of the digital inputs (P121...P124) is set to a value other than 0.



#### NOTE

Do not use unsnubbed inductive loads on terminals 14, 16 and 17.



# 4.1 Local Keypad & Display



Display	START BUTTON								
RUN	In Local Mode (P100 = 0, 4, 6), this button will start the drive.								
	STOP BUTTON								
$\square$	Stops the drive, regardless of which mode the drive is in.								
STOP	MARNING! When JOG is active, the STOP button will not stop the drive!								
	ROTATION								
RF	In Local Mode (P100 = 0, 4, 6), this selects the motor rotation direction: - The LED for the present rotation direction (FWD or REV) will be on - Press R/F; the LED for the opposite rotation direction will blink - Press M within 4 seconds to confirm the change - The blinking direction LED will turn on, and the other LED will turn off								
	When rotation direction is changed while the drive is running, the commanded direction LED will blink until the drive is controlling the motor in the selected direction. Rotation is set in P112. When P112 = 0, rotation is forward only. When P112 = 1 rotation is forward and reverse.								
	MODE								
M	Used to enter/exit the Parameter Menu when programming the drive and to enter a changed parameter value.								
	UP AND DOWN BUTTONS								
	Used for programming and can also be used as a reference for speed, PID setpoint, or torque setpoint. When the ▲ and ▼ buttons are the active reference, the middle LED on the left side of the display will be on.								

Display	INDICATING LEDs (on 4-character display)						
	FWD LED: Indicate the present rotation direction is forward. Refer to ROTATION description above.						
	REV LED: Indicate the present rotation direction is reverse. Refer to ROTATION description above.						
	AUTO LED: Indicates that the drive has been put into Auto mode from one of the TB13 inputs (P121P124 set to 17). Indicates that PID mode is active (if PID mode is enabled). Indicates that sequencer mode is active (if sequencer mode is enabled).						
	RUN LED: Indicates that th	ne drive is running.					
••	▲ ▼ LED: Indicates the	at the ▲ ▼ are the ac	tive reference.				
	■ NOTE If the keypad is selected as the auto reference (P121P124 is 6) and the corresponding TB-13 input is closed, the AUTO LED and ▲ ▼ LEDs will both be on.						
	FUNCTIONS THAT FOLLO	W ARE APPLICABLE TO	SMV DRIVES 15HP (11kW)	AND HIGHER			
CTRL	CTRL The CTRL pushbutton selects the start and speed reference control sources for the drive. Press [M] mode button to accept the new control mode selection.						
	CTRL LEDs		START CONTROL	REFERENCE CONTROL			
		[LOCAL] [MAN]	Keypad	P101 Settings			
		[LOCAL] [AUTO]	Keypad	Terminal 13x Settings			
		[REMOTE] [MAN]	Terminal Strip	P101 Settings			
		[REMOTE] [AUTO]	Terminal Strip	Terminal 13x Settings			
	If P100 = 6 the CTRL button is used to toggle         - REM/LOC LED indicating the present start control source is 0N           start control between the terminal strip [REMOTE]         - Press [CTRL]; the LED for other start control source will blink           and the keypad [LOCAL]         - Press [M] within 4 sec to confirm the change           - Blinking LED will turn 0N (the other LED will turn 0FF)						
	If P113 = 1 the CTRL button is used to toggle reference control between the TB-13x setup [AUTO] and P101 [MANUAL]       - AUT/MAN LED indicating present reference control is ON - Press [CTRL]; the other reference control will blink - Press [M] within 4 sec to confirm change - Blinking LED will turn ON (the other LED will turn OFF)						
	If $P100 = 6$ and $P113 = 1$ change the start and refer the same time						

0	
$\sim$	-*
0	N

Display	START CONTROL					
	The REMOTE/LOCAL LEDs indicate the current start or the network, then both LEDs will be OFF.	The REMOTE/LOCAL LEDs indicate the current start control source. If the start control source is a remote keypad or the network, then both LEDs will be OFF.				
	REFERENCE CONTROL					
	The AUTO/MANUAL LEDs indicate the current reference	ence control source.				
	IF P113 = 0 or 2, the AUTO/MANUAL LEDs will match the AUTO LED on the 4-character display. IF P113 = 0 and no AUTO reference has been setup on the terminal strip, the MANUAL LED will turn ON and the AUTO LED will turn OFF.					
	IF P113 = 1, the AUTO/MANUAL LEDS show the commanded reference control source as selected by the [CTRL] button. If the [CTRL] button is used to set the reference control source to AUTO but no AUTO reference has been setup on the terminal strip, reference control will follow P101 but the AUTO LED will remain ON.					
	UNITS LEDs					
	HZ: current display value is in Hz	In Speed mode, if P178 = 0 then HZ LED will be ON. If				
	%: current display value is in %	P178 > 0, the Units LEDs follow the setting of P177 when the drive is in run (non-programming) mode.				
	RPM: current display value is in RPM	In Torque mode, the HZ LED will be ON when the drive is				
	AMPS: current display value is in Amps	in run (non-programming) mode.				
	/UNITS current display value is a per unit (i.e./sec, /min, /hr, etc.)	In Pid mode, the Units LEDs follow the setting of P203 when the drive is in run (non-programming) mode.				
		If $P179 > 0$ , the Units LEDs will show the unit of the diagnostic parameter that is being displayed.				

# 4.2 Drive Display and Modes of Operation

#### Speed Mode Display

In the standard mode of operation, the drive frequency output is set directly by the selected reference (keypad, analog reference, etc.). In this mode, the drive display will show the drive's output frequency.

#### **PID Mode Display**

When the PID mode is enabled and active, the normal run display shows the actual PID setpoint. When PID mode is not active, the display returns to showing the drive's output frequency.

#### **Torque Mode Display**

When the drive is operating in Vector Torque mode, the normal run display shows the drive's output frequency.

#### Alternate (Run-Screen) Display

When P179 (Run Screen Display) is set to a value other than 0, one of the diagnostic parameters (P501...P599) is displayed. Example: if P179 is set to 1, then diagnostic parameter P501 (Software version) is displayed. If P179 =2, then P502 (Drive ID) is displayed.



# 4.3 Parameter Setting



## 4.4 Electronic Programming Module (EPM)

The EPM contains the drives operational memory. Parameter settings are stored in the EPM and setting changes are made to the "User settings" in the EPM.

An optional EPM Programmer (model EEPM1RA) is available that allows:

- An EPM to be copied directly to another EPM.
- An EPM to be copied to the memory of the EPM Programmer.
- · Stored files can be modified in the EPM Programmer.
- · Stored files can be copied to another EPM.



Additionally, when the drives parameter settings are burned into an EPM with the EPM Programmer, the settings are saved in two distinct locations; the "User settings" and the "OEM default settings". While the User settings can be modified in the drive, the OEM settings cannot. Thus, the drive can be reset not only to the "factory" drive default settings (shown in this manual), but can be set to the Original Machine settings as programmed by the OEM.

The user area contents of the EPM are what are copied into the OEM space by the EPM programmer. When parameter modifications are made to the drive and then a copy made via the EPM Programmer, these are the settings that will be available by the OEM selections from P199. The EPM Programmer is the only way to load the OEM area of the EPM.

While the EPM can be removed for copying or to use in another drive, it must be installed for the drive to operate (a missing EPM will trigger an  $F_{-}F_{-}I$  fault)

For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/



EPM Module in SMV Drive

# 4.5 Parameter Menu

## 4.5.1 Basic Setup Parameters

Code		Possible Settings		IMPORTANT		
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT		
P 100	Start Control Source	0	0 Local Keypad	Use RUN button on front of drive to start		
, 100			1 Terminal Strip	Use start/stop circuit wired into the terminal strip. Refer to section 3.2.3		
			2 Remote Keypad Only	Use RUN button on optional Remote Keypad to start		
			3 Network Only	<ul> <li>Start command must come from network (Modbus, CANopen, etc)</li> <li>SMV models &lt;15HP (11kW) require optional communication module (refer to the network module documentation).</li> <li>Must also set one of the TB-13 inputs to 9 (Network Enable); see P121P124</li> </ul>		
			4 Terminal Strip or Local Keypad	Allows start control to be switched between terminal strip and local keypad using one of the TB-13 inputs. See note below.		
			5 Terminal Strip or Remote Keypad	Allows start control to be switched between terminal strip and optional remote keypad using one of the TB-13 inputs. See Note below		
			6 CTRL button select	Allows start control to be switched between terminal strip and local keypad using the CTRL button. NOTE: P100 Selection 6 is applicable to SMV 15HP (11kW) and higher models only.		
			WARNING! P100 = 0 disables TB-1 as a STOP input! STOP circuitry may be disabled if parameters are reset back to defaults (see P199)			
		i	<ul> <li>must be set to 08 (Control Select);</li> <li>TB-13x OPEN (or not configured): Ter</li> <li>TB-13x CLOSED: Local (P100 = 4) or</li> <li>P100 = 0, 1, 4, 6: Network can take</li> <li>TB-13x input is CLOSED.</li> <li>The STOP button on the front of the d</li> <li>TB-1 is an active STOP input if P100</li> </ul>	Remote (P100 = 5) keypad control if P121P124 = 9 and the corresponding rive is always active except in JOG mode. is set to a value other than 0. tion Level switch (ALsw) position does not match		
P 10 1	Standard Reference Source	0	0 Keypad (Local or Remote) 1 0-10 VDC 2 4-20 mA 3 Preset #1 (P131) 4 Preset #2 (P132) 5 Preset #3 (P133) 6 Network	Selects the default speed or torque reference when no Auto Reference is selected using the TB-13 inputs.		
			<ol> <li>Preset Sequence Segment #1 (P710)</li> <li>Preset Sequence Segment #2 (P715)</li> <li>Preset Sequence Segment #3 (P720)</li> </ol>	or torque reference.		

Code	Code Possible Settings				
No.	Name	Default	Selection		IMPORTANT
P 102	Minimum Frequency	0.0	0.0 {Hz}	P103	P102, P103 are active for all speed
P 103	Maximum Frequency	60.0	7.5 {Hz}	500	references     When using an analog speed reference, also see P160, P161
		1	<ul> <li>To set P103 above</li> <li>Scroll up to 120</li> <li>Release ∇ but</li> </ul>	set below Minimum F ve 120 Hz: ) Hz; display shows F ton and wait one sec n again to continue ir	<b>1 ,Fr</b> (flashing). ond.
	WARNING! Consult motor/machir damage to equipment			g above rated freque	ency. Overspeeding the motor/machine may cause
P 104	Acceleration Time 1	20.0	0.0 {s}	3600	<ul> <li>P104 = time of frequency change from 0 Hz to P167 (base frequency)</li> <li>P105 = time of frequency change from P167</li> </ul>
P 105	Deceleration Time 1	20.0	0.0 {s}	3600	<ul> <li>For S-ramp accel/decel, adjust P106</li> </ul>
i	EXAMPLE: IF P103 = Hz to 120 Hz = 40.0 s		104 = 20.0 s and P16	67 (base frequency) =	= 60 Hz; then the rate of frequency change from 0
P 106	S-Ramp Integration Time	0.0	0.0 {s}	50.0	<ul> <li>P106 = 0.0: Linear accel/decel ramp</li> <li>P106 &gt; 0.0: Adjusts S-ramp curve for smoother ramp</li> </ul>
P 101 <sup>(1)</sup>	Line Voltage Selection	1*	0 Low (120, 200, 4 1 High (120, 240, 4		* The default setting is 1 for all drives except when using "Reset to 50Hz default settings" (Parameter P199, selection 4) with 480V models. In this case, the default setting is 0.
P 108	Motor Overload	100	30 {%}	100	P108 = <u>motor current rating</u> x 100 SMV output rating Example: if motor = 3amps and SMV = 4amps, then P108 = 75%
		i	overload function of t	he SMV is UL approve	listed on the motor dataplate. The motor thermal ad as a motor protection device. Cycling power after tty reducing the motor life.
P 109	Motor Overload Type	0	0 Speed Compensa	ation	
			1 No Speed Compe Example: Motor is ventilation as appose self cooling fans.	cooled by forced	

(1) Any changes to this parameter will not take effect until the drive is stopped.

Code		Possible	Settings	IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT	
PID	Start Method	0	0 Normal		
			1 Start on Power-up	Drive will automatically start when power is applied.	
			2 Start with DC Brake	When start command is applied, drive will apply DC braking according to P174, P175 prior to starting the motor	
			3 Auto Restart	Drive will automatically restart after faults, or when power is applied.	
			4 Auto Restart with DC Brake	Combines settings 2 and 3	
			5 Flying Start/Restart - Type 1	<ul> <li>Drive will automatically restart after faults, or when power is applied.</li> <li>After 3 failed attempts, drive will Auto Restart</li> </ul>	
			6 Flying Start/Restart - Type 1	<ul> <li>with DC brake.</li> <li>P110 = 5, 7: Performs speed search, starting at Max Frequency (P103)</li> <li>P110 = 6, 8: Performs speed search, starting</li> </ul>	
			7 Flying Start /Restart - Type 2 for 2-pole motors requiring a flying restart	<ul> <li>at the last output frequency prior to faulting or power loss</li> <li>If P111 = 0, a flying START is performed when</li> </ul>	
			8 Flying Start/Restart - Type 2 for 2-pole motors requiring a flying restart	<ul> <li>a start command is applied.</li> <li>P110 = 7,8: Utilizes P280/281 to set Max Current Level and Decel Time for restart</li> </ul>	
		1	<ul> <li>fault will occur if start command is ap</li> <li>P110 = 1, 36: For automatic start/ and the start command must be pres</li> <li>P110 = 2, 46: If P175=999.9, dc t</li> <li>P110 = 36: Drive will attempt 5 re (fault lockout) and requires manual re</li> </ul>	restart, the start source must be the terminal strip ent. raking will be applied for 15s. starts; if all restart attempts fail, drive displays $LC$ set. s spinning motor, drive will trip into $FrF$ fault.	
A	WARNING!				
∕!\	Automatic starting/res		y cause damage to equipment and/or injur is inaccessible to personnel.	y to personnel! Automatic starting/restarting should	
PIII	Stop Method	0	0 Coast	Drive's output will shut off immediately upon a stop command, allowing the motor to coast to a stop	
			1 Coast with DC Brake	The drive's output will shut off and then the DC Brake will activate (refer to P174, P175)	
			2 Ramp	The drive will ramp the motor to a stop according to P105 or P126.	
			3 Ramp with DC Brake	The drive will ramp the motor to 0 Hz and then the DC Brake will activate (refer to P174, P175)	
P I 12	Rotation	0	0 Forward Only	If PID mode is enabled, reverse direction is disabled	
			1 Forward and Reverse	(except for Jog).	



Code	Code		Settings	IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT	
P I 13	PIJ Auto/Manual Control 0	0	0 Terminal Strip Control	The reference is dictated by the settings and state of the TB-13x terminals. If no AUTO reference has been setup on the terminal strip then reference control is dictated by P101.	
			1 Auto/Manual (CTRL button select)	Allows the reference to be switched between auto and manual using the CTRL pushbutton on the drive keypad. If the CTRL pushbutton has selected AUTO reference but no AUTO reference has been setup on the terminal strip, then reference control is dictated by P101.	
			2 Manual Control Only	Reference is dictated by P101 regardless of any AUTO source that may be selected by the TB-13x terminals.	
			NOTE		
			P113 is applicable to SMV 15HP (11kW) a	and higher models only.	
P I IS	MOP Speed	0	0 Set to last MOP speed at power up	Output frequency at power-up = last MOP speed	
	Initialization at		1 Set to 0.0Hz at power up	Output frequency at power-up = 0Hz	
	Power-Up		2 Set to Preset #3 (P133) at power up	Output frequency at power-up = P133	

For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/

## 4.5.2 I/O Setup Parameters

Code		Possible	Settings	IMPORTANT		
No. Name		Default	Selection	IMPORTANT		
P 120	Assertion Level	2	1 Low	P120 and the Assertion Level switch must bo match the desired assertion level unless P10 P121P124 are all set to 0. Otherwise an F.		
			2 High	fault will occur.		
P 12 I	TB-13A Digital Input	0	0 None	Disables input		
			1 AUTO Reference: 0-10 VDC	For frequency mode, see P160P161,		
P 122	TB-13B Digital Input (Priority > TB13A) Same as TB13A except: 3 = Preset #2 23 = Seq Seg, #2		2 AUTO Reference: 4-20 mA	For PID mode, see P204P205, For vector torque mode, see P330		
			3 AUTO Reference: Preset #1	For frequency mode see P131P137, For PID mode, see P231P233, For torque mode see, P331P333		
			* 13D: 3 = Reserved			
			4 AUTO Reference: MOP Up	<ul> <li>Normally open: Close input to increase or</li> </ul>		
P 123	TB-13C Digital Input		5 AUTO Reference: MOP Down	<ul> <li>decrease speed, PID or torque setpoint.</li> <li>MOP Up is not active while in STOP</li> </ul>		
	(Priority > TB13B, A)		6 AUTO Reference: Keypad			
	Same as TB13A except: 3 = Preset #3		7 AUTO Reference: Network			
	23 = Seq Seg, #4		8 Control Select	Use when $P100 = 4$ , 5 to switch between termina strip control and local or remote keypad control.		
P 124	TD 12D* Digital Input		9 Network Enable	Required to start the drive through the network.		
	TB-130* Digital Input (Priority > TB13C, B, A) Same as TB13A except: 3 = Preset #4 23 = Seq Seg, #8 <b>1</b> <b>NOTE: P124</b> is applicable to SMV 15HP (11kW) and higher models only		10 Reverse Rotation	Open = Forward Closed = Reverse		
			11 Start Forward	Defer to Note for trained size it		
			12 Start Reverse	Refer to Note for typical circuit		
			13 Run Forward	Refer to Note for typical circuit		
			14 Run Reverse			
			15 Jog Forward	Jog Forward speed = P134		
			16 Jog Reverse	Jog Reverse speed = P135 $\bigwedge$ Active even if P112 = 0		
			17 Accel/Decel #2	Refer to P125, P126		
			18 DC Brake	Refer to P174; close input to override P175		
			19 Auxiliary Ramp to Stop	Normally closed: Opening input will ramp drive to STOP according to P127, even if P111 is se to Coast (0 or 1).		
			20 Clear Fault	Close to reset fault		
			21 External Fault F_EF	Normally closed circuit; open to trip		
			22 Inverse External Fault F_EF	Normally open circuit; close to trip		
			23 AUTO Ref: Sequence Segment #1	Works in Speed Mode only		
			24 Start Sequence			
			25 Step Sequence	Transition from non-asserted to asserted state		
			26 Suspend Sequence			
	WARNING Jog overrides all ST fault condition induc		nands! To stop the drive while in Jog	mode, the Jog input must be deactivated or a		
	WARNING If the input defined to	o "Start S	equence" is opened during a sequence ternate speed source (dependent on d	e, the drive will exit sequencer mode and will rur rive configuration).		

Code		Possible	Setting	gs	IMPODIANT					
No.	Name	Default	Selec	tion	IMPORTANT					
1	<ul> <li>When TB-13ATE TB-13B and TB-1:</li> <li>Settings 1014 a</li> <li>If Start/Run/Jog Fi</li> <li>If Jog input is activ</li> <li>An F_RL fault will inputs (P121P12</li> <li>An F_L L fault will - One input is set</li> <li>One input is set</li> <li>Typical control cir - If any input is set</li> </ul>	3-13D are 3B overrid re only val orward any vated while occur if th 24) are set l occur und D settings o "MOP Up to 10 and to 11 or 12 cuits are s	configu es TB-1 id in Te d Start/ e drive i e Asser to a va der the are dup " and a anothe 2 and a hown b	gs 17 override P101 infigured for Auto References other than MOP, TB-13D overrides TB-13C, TB-13C overrides TB-13A. Any other Auto Reference will have priority over MOP. in Terminal Strip mode (P100 = 1, 4, 5, 6) Start/Run/Jog Reverse are both activated, drive will STOP Irive is running, the drive will enter Jog mode; when Jog input is deactivated, drive will STOP Assertion Level switch (ALsw) position does not match the P120 setting and any of the digital a value other than 0. r the following conditions: e duplicated (each setting, except 0, 3 and 23, can only be used once) and another is not set to "MOP Down", or vice-versa. tother input is set to 1114. and another input is set for 13 or 14. wn below: r 14, P112 must be set to 1 for Reverse action to function.						
	Run / Stop with Direction P121 = 10			Start Forward / Start Reverse P121 = 11, P122 = 1 1 4 13A 13 FWD FWD REV	_	Run Forward / Run Reverse P121 = 13, P122 = 14				
P 125	Acceleration Time 2	20.0	0.0	{s} 3	600	<ul> <li>Selected using TB-13ATB-13D (P121.</li> </ul>				
P 126	Deceleration Time 2	20.0	0.0	{s} 3	600	P124 = 17) • For S-ramp accel/decel, adjust P106				
P 127	Deceleration Time for Auxiliary Ramp to Stop	20.0	0.0	{s} 3	600	<ul> <li>Selected using TB-13ATB-13D (P121 P124 = 19).</li> <li>For S-ramp accel/decel, adjust P106</li> <li>Once executed, this ramp time has priority over P105 and P126.</li> </ul>				
P 129	Automatic Accel/ Decel rate switch threshold	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 1	000	If Actual Frequency < P129 Use Accel/decel time #2 (P125/P126) If Actual Frequency > P129 Use Accel/decel time #1 (P104/P105)				
PIBI	Preset Speed #1	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	PRESET 13A 13B 13C 13D				
P 132	Preset Speed #2	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	SPEED 13A 13B 13C 13D				
						2 X				
P 133	Preset Speed #3	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	3 X 4 X X				
P 134	Preset Speed #4	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	4 (alternate) X				
P 135	Preset Speed #5	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	5 X X 6 X X				
P 136	Preset Speed #6	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	7         X         X         X            8 (alternate)          X          X				
רפו ק	Preset Speed #7	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	8 (alternate X X				
P 130	Preset Speed #8	0.0	0.0	{Hz} 5	00	<ul> <li>Speed setting is used by P158</li> <li>13D available on 15HP (11kW) &amp; higher drives</li> </ul>				

Code		Possible	Settings			
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT		
P 140	Relay Output TB-16, 17	0	0 None	Disables the output		
			1 Run	Energizes when the drive is running		
			2 Reverse	Energizes when reverse rotation is active		
			3 Fault	De-energizes when the drive trips, or power removed		
			4 Inverse Fault	Energizes when the drive trips		
			5 Fault Lockout	P110 = 36: De-energizes if all restart attempts fail		
			6 At Speed	Energizes when output frequency = commanded frequency		
			7 Above Preset Speed #6	Energizes when output frequency > P136		
			8 Current Limit	Energizes when motor current = P171		
			9 Follower Loss (4-20 mA)	Energizes when 4-20 mA signal is < P164		
			10 Loss of Load	Energizes when motor load drops below P145; Refer to P146 also		
			11 Local Keypad Control Active			
			12 Terminal Strip Control Active	Energizes when the selected source is active for		
			13 Remote Keypad Control Active	start control		
			14 Network Control Active			
			15 Standard Reference Active	Energizes when P101 reference is active		
			16 Auto Reference Active	Energizes when Auto Reference is activated using TB-13 input; refer to P121P124		
			17 Sleep Mode Active	Refer to P240P242		
			18 PID Feedback < Min. Alarm	Energizes when PID feedback signal < P214		
			19 Inverse PID Feedback < Min. Alarm	De-energizes when PID feedback signal < P214		
			20 PID Feedback > Max Alarm	Energizes when PID feedback signal > P215		
			21 Inverse PID Feedback > Max Alarm	De-energizes when PID feedback signal > P215		
			22 PID Feedback within Min/Max Alarm range	Energizes when PID feedback signal is within the Min/Max Alarm range; refer to P214, P215		
			23 PID Feedback outside Min/Max Alarm range	Energizes when PID feedback signal is outside the Min/Max Alarm range; refer to P214, P215		
			24 Reserved			
			25 Network Controlled	SMV models < 15HP (11kW) require an optional communication module (refer to the network module documentation).		
			26 Loss of 0-10V Input	Energizes when 0-10V signal is < P158		
			27 Sequencer Controlled	State set in individual sequencer segments		
			28 Sequencer Active			
			29 Sequencer Suspended			
			30 Sequence Done	End Sequence		
			31 Output Frequency = 0.0Hz	Output inactive		
P 142	TB-14 Output	0	023 (same as P140)			
			24 Dynamic Braking	For use with Dynamic Braking option		
			2531 (same as P140)			



Code		Possible	Settings			IMPORTANT	
No. Name		Default	Selection				
P 144	Digital Output Inversion		P144 0 1 2 3	Invert P142 NO NO YES YES		and P142 (TB-14 Out EXAMPLE: When P14 energized when outp frequency. IF P144= (INVERSE AT SPEED	0 = 6 (AT SPEED), the relay is but frequency = commanded 1 or 3, then P140 is inverted ) and the relay is energized equency does <b>not</b> equal the
		i	NOTE Inverting P140 or P142 when the parameter is set to NONE (0) will result in the output b energized continuously. NOTE For SMVector drives rated at 0.33 to 10 HP (0.25 to 7.5 kW), P144 is only available software versions 3.0 and higher (refer to P501).				
P 145	Loss of Load Threshold	0	0	{%}	200	P140, P142 = 10: 0 load falls below the	Dutput will energize if motor P145 value longer than the
P 146	Loss of Load Delay	0.0	0.0	{S}	240.0	P146 time	
P 149	Analog Output Offset	0.0	0	{%}	100		le: P149 = 10%, Scaled 0 = 1, P152 = 60Hz; then 6Hz
P 150	TB-30 Output	0         0         None           1         0-10 VDC Output Frequency           2         2-10 VDC Output Frequency           3         0-10 VDC Load           4         2-10 VDC Load           5         0-10 VDC Torque           6         2-10 VDC Torque           7         0-10 VDC Torque           8         2-10 VDC Power (kW)			2-10 VDC signal can be converted to 4-20 mA wit a total circuit impedance of 500 $\Omega$		
			9 Network C			communication mo module documentati	,
P 15 I	Add Analog Input to TB-30 Output	0		dd TB-25	Add TB-5 (0-10VDC) NO YES NO YES	This parameter adds the TB-30 Output si running at 60Hz with and P152 set to 240.0 be 2.5VDC. If there i	al sequencer segments the analog input signal(s) to gnal. EXAMPLE: If a drive is P150 set to 1 (0-10VDC Freq) Hz, the output at TB-30 would s a 2.0VDC signal going into t to 1 (ADD TB-5), the output ime 4.5VDC.
P 152	TB-30 Scaling: Frequency	60.0	3.0	{Hz}	2000	If P150 = 1 or 2, sets equals 10 VDC	the frequency at which output
P 153	TB-30 Scaling: Load	200	10	{%}	500		ts the Load (as a percent of t which output equals 10 VDC.
P 154	TB-30 Scaling: Torque	100	10	{%}	1000	motor rated torque) a	s the Torque (as a percent of t which output equals 10 VDC
P 155	TB-30 Scaling: Power (kW)	1.0	0.1	{kW}	200.0	If P150 = 7 or 8, set equals 10 VDC	ts the power at which output
Code		Possible	Settings			IMPORTANT	
--------	--	----------	---	--	--	--	
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT	
P 156	Analog Inputs Configuration	0	1 TB5: (0 2 TB5: (2 4 TB5: (0 5 TB5: (0	)-10 VDC); TB25 ) - 5 VDC); TB25 2 - 10 VDC); TB25 )-10 VDC); TB25 ) - 5 VDC); TB25 2 - 10 VDC); TB25	i: (4-20mA) 25: (4-20mA) i: (0-20mA) i: (0-20mA)		
P 157	TB5 (0-10V) Analog Input Monitoring Action	0	0 No Acti 1 If TB5 2 If TB5 3 If TB5 4 If TB5 5 If TB5		ault F_FRU reset #8 reset Seg. #16 ault F_FRU reset #8	Selects the reaction to a loss of the 0-10V signal at TB5 500ms is the minimum time above/below Monitoring Level (P158) before triggering the drive to trip or run at a preset speed. For P157 = 3 or 6, the accel/decel time is set in P786. NOTE: P157 has priority over P163 and TB-13 presets/auto references (P121-P124)	
P 158	TB5 (0-10V) Analog Input Monitoring Level (ML)	0.0	-10.0	{VDC}	10.0	Negative input voltage is not currently supported.	
P 159	0-10V Analog Input Deadband	0.0	0	{VDC}	10.0	Not active if [-10 to +10 VDC] option is selected.	
P 160	Speed at Minimum Signal	0.0	-999.0	{Hz}	1000	P161	
P 16 I	Speed at Maximum Signal	60.0	-999.0	{Hz}	1000	0V 10V ref (4mA) (20mA) P160 V0111	
		i	<ul> <li>P161 s</li> <li>P160 o</li> <li>P160 &gt;</li> </ul>	r P161 < 0.0 H P161: Drive w	requency at 10 z: For scaling p ill react inverse	0% analog input urposes only; does not indicate opposite direction! ly to analog input signal	
P 162	Analog Input Filter	0.01	0.00	{S}	10.00	<ul> <li>Adjusts the filter on the analog inputs (TB-5 and TB-25) to reduce the effect of signal noise</li> <li>The P162 delay time will affect the response time of diagnostic parameters (P520-P523).</li> </ul>	
P 163	TB-25 (4-20mA) Analog Input Monitoring Action	0	<ol> <li>If TB25</li> <li>If TB25</li> <li>If TB25</li> <li>If TB25</li> <li>If TB25</li> </ol>	$\begin{array}{l} & \text{ion} \\ \hline s < P164 - Trip \\ \hline s < P164 - Run \\ \hline s < P164 - Run \\ \hline s \ge P164 - Trip \\ \hline s \ge P164 - Trip \\ \hline s \ge P164 - Run \\ \hline s \ge P164 - Run \\ \hline s \ge P164 - Run \\ \hline \end{array}$	Preset #7 Preset Seg. #15 Fault <b>F_FoL</b> Preset #7	<ul> <li>Selects the reaction to a loss of the 4-20 mA signal at TB-25.</li> <li>Signal is considered lost if it falls below the value set in P164</li> <li>Digital outputs can also indicate a loss of 4-20 mA signal; see P140, P142</li> <li>For P163 = 3 or 6, the accel/decel time is set in P781.</li> <li>NOTE: P163 has priority over TB-13 presets/auto references (P121-P124)</li> </ul>	

Code		Possible	Settings			
No.	Name Default Selection			IMPORTANT		
P 164	TB-25 (4-20mA) Analog Input Monitoring Level	2.0	0.0	{mA}	20.0	
P 165	Base Voltage		15	{V}	1000	Valid for V/Hz mode only. Set voltage for bus compensation in V/Hz mode
P 166	Carrier Frequency	See Notes	0 4 kHz 1 6 kHz 2 8 kHz 3 10 kHz			<ul> <li>As carrier frequency is increased, motor noise is decreased</li> <li>Observe derating in section 2.3</li> <li>Automatic shift to 4 kHz at 120% load</li> <li>NEMA 4X (IP65) Models: Default = 0 (4kHz)</li> <li>NEMA 1 (IP31) Models: Default = 1 (6kHz)</li> </ul>
P 167"	Base Frequency	60.0	10.0	{Hz}	1500	100%
P 168	Fixed Boost		0.0	{%}	40.0	P166 0 0 0 0 P167 F V0112
		i				ndard applications s on drive rating
P 169	Accel Boost	0.0	0.0	{%}	20.0	Accel Boost is only active during acceleration
P (10	Slip Compensation	0.0	0.0	{%}	40.0	Increase P170 until the motor speed no longer changes between no load and full load conditions.
Р П I <sup>(1)</sup>	Current Limit	Max I	30	{%}	Max I	<ul> <li>When the limit is reached, the drive displays <i>LL</i> (Current Limit), and either the acceleration time increases or the output frequency decreases.</li> <li>Digital outputs can also indicate when the limit is reached; see P140, P142.</li> <li>Refer to section 2.3 for the maximum output current Max 1 (%)</li> </ul>
P N2	Current Limit Reduction	0	Normal <ol> <li>Current respons</li> <li>Current Normal</li> </ol>	response Limit Reducti se t Limit Reduc response t Limit Reduc	on Active - on Active - Fast tion Disabled - tion Disabled -	In field weakening, the Current Limit is inversely proportional to the speed.
е п э	Decel Override Time	2.0	0.0	{S}	60.0	Maximum time before drive trips into HF fault.
		1	1	{%}		Setting is a percent of the nominal DC bus voltage.

(1) Any changes to this parameter will not take effect until the drive is stopped.

Code		Possible	Settings		INPORTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection		IMPORTANT
Р П5	DC Brake Time	0.0	0.0 {s} 9	99.9	
		1	<ul> <li>If P111=1, 3 and P175=999 or fault condition occurs.</li> <li>If P110=2, 46 and P175=</li> <li>If P121P124=18 and the</li> </ul>	ed for the t 9.9 the bra =999.9, br correspor	DR USE WITH DC BRAKING ime specified by P175 with the following exceptions: ake voltage will be applied continuously until a run rake voltage will be applied for 15s ding TB-13 input is CLOSED, brake voltage will be ED or a fault condition occurs.
Р ПБ	Keypad Setpoint Single Press Increment	0.1	0.1 1	00.0	Used for run screen setpoint editing only. If P176 >0.1 then scrolling of keypad setpoint is enabled.
Р П	Speed Units	0	0 Hz 1 RPM 2 % 3 /UNITS 4 NONE		Select the UNITS LED that will be illuminated when the drive is running in speed control mode. For this parameter to be used, P178 must be set to a value other than 0. IF P178 is set to 0, the Hz LED will be illuminated regardless of the value set in P177.
P 118	Display Frequency Multiplier	0.00		50.00	<ul> <li>Allows frequency display to be scaled</li> <li>P178 = 0.00: Scaling disabled</li> <li>P178 &gt; 0.00: Display = Actual Frequency X P178</li> </ul>
		i	EXAMPLE If P178 = 29.17 and actual freq	uency = 6	60 Hz, then Drive displays 1750 (rpm)
P 119	Run Screen Display	0	0 {Parameter Number} 5	99	<ul> <li>0 = Normal Run Screen, this display depends on mode of operation. Refer to section 4.2.</li> <li>Other selections choose a diagnostic parameter to display (P501P599).</li> <li>Parameters P560 - P564 are selectable if the sequencer is enabled (P700 is not 0). P560-P564 are not visible until P700 is enabled.</li> </ul>
P 180	Oscillation Damping Control	0	0 8	0	0 = Damping disabled Compensation for resonances within drive
P 18 I	Skip frequency 1	0.0	0.0 {Hz} 5	00	• Drive will not run in the defined skip range;
P 182	Skip frequency 2	0.0	0.0 {Hz} 5	00	used to skip over frequencies that cause mechanical vibration
P 184	Skip frequency bandwidth	0.0	0.0 {Hz} 1	0.0	<ul> <li>P181 and P182 define the start of the skip ranges</li> <li>P184 &gt; 0 defines the bandwidth of both ranges.</li> </ul>
		i	<b>NOTE</b> Bandwidth (Hz) = $f_s$ (Hz) + P184 EXAMPLE: P181 = 18 Hz and P		f <sub>s</sub> = P181 or P182 z; skip range is from 18 to 22 Hz
P 185	Voltage Midpoint V/Hz characteristic	0	0.0 {V} P	165	Valid only when P300 = 0 or 2. Use with P187 to define midpoint on V/Hz curve.
P 187 (%)	Frequency Midpoint V/Hz characteristic	0.0	0.0 {Hz} P	167	Valid only when P300 = 0 or 2. Use with P185 to define midpoint on V/Hz curve.
P 189 (8)	Integrated Dynamic Brake		0 Disabled 1 Enabled		

(2) Parameter applicable to SMV models 15HP (11kW) and higher.

(3) Parameter applicable to SMV models 40HP (30kW) and higher.

Code		Possible	Settings			
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT		
P 190	Motor Braking		0 Disabled	Flux brake OFF.		
			1 Braking with BUS threshold	When drive is in deceleration and $V_{bus} > V_{deceleration freeze}$ (114% of the rated $V_{bus}$ ), the flux brake will be turned ON.		
			2 Braking always on with deceleration	As long as drive is in deceleration, the flux brake will be ON.		
			3 Braking with bus regulator	When drive is in deceleration and V <sub>bur</sub> > V <sub>acceleration feess</sub> (114% of the rated V <sub>bur</sub> ), the motor speed will be increased to reduce the bus voltage. Determined by the value in P191, the speed increment = slip speed * P191(%) / 37.		
			4 Special	(Consult factory before using)		
				. To avoid damage to the motor, use a PTC to d too frequently, the drive will trip fault "F_PF".		
P 19 I	Motor Brake Level	0	0 {%} 75 (flux braking disabled)	Active when P190 > 0 and drive is in deceleration mode. Use to reduce deceleration time on high inertia loads. NOTE: Over usage of P190 can cause frequent 'overload' trips "F.PF" Not active for P300 = 5 (Torque mode)		
P 192	Motor Braking Deceleration Reduction Level	0.0	0 P167 (base freq) Raising the value of P191 reduces the drive deceleration rate during flux braking.	Active when P190 > 0 and P192 > 0.0, Drive is in deceleration mode. Use to reduce deceleration time on high inertia loads. <b>NOTE:</b> Usage of P192 can cause the drive to decelerate faster than settings in P105/P127. Not active for P300 = 5 (Torque mode)		
P 194	Password	0	0000 9999	<ul> <li>Must enter password to access parameters</li> <li>P194 = 0000: Disables password</li> </ul>		
P 197	Clear Fault History	0	0 No Action			
			1 Clear Fault History			
P 199	Program Selection		0 Operate from User settings			
			1 Operate from OEM settings	Refer to Notes 1, 2 and 3		
			2 Reset to OEM default settings	Refer to Note 1		
			<ol> <li>Reset to 60 Hz default settings</li> <li>Reset to 50 Hz default settings</li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Refer to Note 4</li> <li>Parameters are reset to the defaults listed in this manual.</li> <li>For P199=4, the following exceptions apply: - P103, P152, P161, P167 = 50.0 Hz - P165 = 400V (400/480V drives only)</li> </ul>		
				- P304 = 50 Hz - P305 = 1450 RPM - P107 = 0 (480 V drives only)		
		L	5 Translate	Refer to Note 5		
			WARNING! Modification of P199 can affect drive func- be disabled! Check P100 and P121P12	tionality! STOP and EXTERNAL FAULT circuitry may 4		
		i	NOTE 1 If the EPM does not contain valid 0EM settings, a flashing <i>CF</i> will be display is set to 1 or 2. NOTE 2 When P199 is set to 1, the drive operates from the 0EM settings stored in th and no other parameters can be changed ( <i>CE</i> will be displayed if attempted).			
			NOTE 3 Auto Calibration is not possible when ope NOTES 4 and 5 - on next page.	rating from OEM Settings.		

Code		Possible	Settings	INDODTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT
P 199	Program Selection	i	P120 may need to be reset for the digital i if P120 and the Assertion switch are not s NOTE 5 If an EPM that contains data from a previo • The drive will operate according to the (cE will be displayed if attempted)	bus compatible software version is installed: previous data, but parameters cannot be changed are version, set P199 = 5. The parameters can now

### 4.5.4 PID Parameters

Code		Possible	Settings		INDODTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection		IMPORTANT
P200	PID Mode	0	0 Disabled 1 Normal-acting 2 Reverse-acting 3 Normal-acting, Bi-direction 4 Reverse-acting, Bi-direction		<ul> <li>Normal-acting: As feedback increases, motor speed decreases</li> <li>Reverse-acting: As feedback increases, motor speed increases</li> <li>PID mode is disabled in Vector Torque mode (P300 = 5)</li> <li>Selections 3, 4: If P112=1, PID controller output sets the speed, (range -max freq to +max freq)</li> </ul>
		1	Auto Reference that matches th reference uses the same analog <b>Example:</b> The desired PID sett (Auto Reference: Keypad): • TB-13x = closed: PID mode	e desired f signal as point refere is active is disable	inputs (P121P124) must be used to select the PID setpoint reference. If the selected PID setpoint the PID feedback (P201), an <b>F</b> _I L fault will occur. ence is the keypad ( $\blacktriangle$ and $\blacktriangledown$ ). Set TB-13x = 6 d and the drive speed will be controlled by the
P20 I	PID Feedback Source	0	0 4-20 mA (TB-25) 1 0-10 VDC (TB-5) 2 Drive Load (P507) 3 Feedback from Network		Must be set to match the PID feedback signal
P202	PID Decimal Point	1	0 PID Display = XXXX 1 PID Display = XXX.X 2 PID Display = XX.XX 3 PID Display = X.XXX 4 PID Display = .XXXX		Applies to P204, P205, P214, P215, P231P233, P242, P522, P523
P203 Ø	PID Units	0	0 % 1 /UNITS 2 AMPS 3 NONE		Select the UNITS LED that will be illuminated when the drive is running in PID control mode
P204	Feedback at Minimum Signal	0.0	-99.9 3		Set to match the range of the feedback signal being used
P205	Feedback at Maximum Signal	100.0	-99.9 3		Example: Feedback signal is 0 - 300 PSI; P204 = 0.0, P205 = 300.0

(2) Parameter applicable to SMV models 15HP (11kW) and higher.

Code Po		Possible	Settings			
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
רמכק	Proportional Gain	5.0	0.0	{%}	1000.0	Used to tune the PID loop:
P208	Integral Gain	0.0	0.0	{S}	20.0	<ul> <li>Increase P207 until system becomes unstable,</li> </ul>
P209	Derivative Gain	0.0	0.0	{S}	20.0	<ul> <li>then decrease P207 by 10-15%</li> <li>Next, increase P208 until feedback matches setpoint</li> <li>If required, increase P209 to compensate for sudden changes in feedback</li> </ul>
		i	NOTE • •			itive to noise on the feedback signal. Use with care. hally required in pump and fan applications
P2 10	PID Setpoint Ramp	20.0	0.0	{\$}	100.0	<ul> <li>time of setpoint change from P204 to P205 or vice versa.</li> <li>Used to smooth the transition from one PID setpoint to another, such as when using the Preset PID Setpoints (P231P233)</li> </ul>
P2 14	Minimum Alarm	0.0	P204		P205	Use with P140, P142 = 1823
P2 15	Maximum Alarm	0.0	P204		P205	
1 E59	Preset PID Setpoint #1	0.0	P204		P205	TB-13A activated; P121 = 3 and P200 = 1 or 2
P232	Preset PID Setpoint #2	0.0	P204		P205	TB-13B activated; P122 = 3 and P200 = 1 or 2
P233	Preset PID Setpoint #3	0.0	P204		P205	TB-13C activated; P123 = 3 and P200 = 1 or 2
P234@	Preset PID Setpoint #4	0.0	P204		P205	TB-13D activated; P124 = 3 and P200 = 1 or 2
P240	Sleep Threshold	0.0	0.0	{Hz}	500.0	• If drive speed < P240 for longer than P241,
P24 I	Sleep Delay	30.0	0.0	{S}	300.0	output frequency = 0.0 Hz; drive display = <b>5LP</b>
P242	Sleep Bandwidth	0.0	0.0 Where: B <sub>mi</sub>	<sub>ax</sub> = I(P205 - P2	B <sub>max</sub> 204)I	<ul> <li>P240 = 0.0: Sleep mode is disabled.</li> <li>P200 = 02: Drive will start again when spee command is above P240</li> <li>P242 &gt; 0.0: Drive will restart when the PI feedback differs from the setpoint by mor than the value of P242 or when the PID loo requires a speed above P240.</li> </ul>
P243	Feedback Sleep Entry Threshold	0.0	P204		P205	Active only when $P244 = 1$ or 2
P244	Sleep Entry Mode	0	1 Enter S	SLEEP if Drive S SLEEP if Feedba SLEEP if Feedba	ack >P243	For time longer than P241 For time longer than P241 or same as Sel 0 For time longer than P241 or same as Sel 0
P245	Sleep Entry Stop Type	0	0 Coast t 1 Ramp t 2 Stop w		gs	
P246	Feedback Recovery from Sleep Threshold	0.0	P204		P205	Active only when P247 = 1 or 2
P247	Sleep Recovery         0         Recovery if Speed Setpoint > P240 or if PID feedback differs from setpoin by more than P242		ers from setpoint			
				ery only if Feed		
			2 Recove	ery only if Feed	раск > Р246	

(2) Parameter applicable to SMV models 15HP (11kW) and higher.

Code	Code		Settings			INDODTANT		
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT		
P250	Auto Rinse in Sleep Mode	0	0 Disabled 1 Enabled			Activated in sleep mode only. Sleep Recovery cancels Auto Rinse		
P25 I	Time Delay between Auto Rinses	30.0	0.0	{min}	6553.5	Time delay reset by re/entering sleep mode		
P252	Auto Rinse Speed	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If P112 = 1, negative sign = reverse direction		
P253	Auto Rinse Time	0.0	0.0	{sec}	6553.5	Does not include time to decel back to speed		
			PumpRinse P252=Hz spe	bled) hinutes be bed of Pump	tween each Rinse inse duration	Pump Rinse Speed P252 P104/ Dely Time P125 P105/ P126 P105/ P126 P106/ P126 P106/ P126 P106/ P126		
P280	Current Level: Flying Restart Type 2	70.0	0.0	{%}	P171	Maximum current during Type 2 flying restart operation		
P28 I	Decel Time: Flying Restart Type 2	3.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	Deceleration rate used during Type 2 flying restart operation		

## 4.5.5 Vector Parameters

Code		Possible	Settings	IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT
<b>P300</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Drive Mode	0	0 Constant V/Hz 1 Variable V/Hz	Constant torque V/Hz control for general applications Variable torque V/Hz control for centrifugal pump and fan applications
			2 Enhanced Constant V/Hz     3 Enhanced Variable V/Hz	For single or multiple motor applications that require better performance than settings 0 or 1, but cannot use Vector mode, due to: • Missing required motor data • Vector mode causing unstable motor operation
			4 Vector Speed	For single-motor applications requiring higher starting torque and speed regulation
			5 Vector Torque	For single-motor applications requiring torque control independent of speed
		1	<ul> <li>Make sure motor is cold (20° -</li> <li>Display will indicate <i>LRL</i> for about the calibration is complet command to actually start the n</li> <li>If an attempt is made to start</li> </ul>	otor nameplate iled or in case of non-standard motor) 25° C) and apply a Start command but 40 seconds e, the display will indicate <b>5±oP</b> ; apply another Start iotor the drive in Vector or Enhanced V/Hz mode before n, the drive will display <b>F_n Id</b> and will not operate
P302 (1)	Motor Rated Voltage		0 {V} 600	Default setting = drive rating
P303 <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor Rated Current		0.1 {A} 500.0	Set to motor nameplate data

(1) Any changes to this parameter will not take effect until the drive is stopped.

Code		Possible	Settings			
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
<b>P304</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor Rated Frequency	60	0	{Hz}	1000	
P305 (1)	Motor Rated Speed	1750	300	{RPM}	65000	Set to motor nameplate data
P306 <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor Cosine Phi	0.80	0.40		0.99	
		i	cos phi =	motor Watts / (m	otor efficier	wn, use one of the following formulas: ncy X P302 X P303 X 1.732) ent / motor current) ]
P3 10 <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor Stator Resistance		0.00	$\{\Omega\}$	64.00	<ul> <li>P310, 311 default setting depends on drive rating</li> <li>Will be automatically programmed by P399</li> </ul>
<b>P3    </b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Motor Stator Inductance		0.0	{mH}	2000	<ul> <li>Changing these settings can adversely affect performance. Contact factory technical support prior to changing</li> </ul>
P3 15	Dead Time Compensation Factor	0.0	-50.0	{%}	+50.0	<ul> <li>Adjust dead time correction from internal default</li> <li>Takes effect when P399 = 3.</li> </ul>
P330	Torque Limit	100	0	{%}	400	When $P300 = 5$ , sets the maximum output torque.
P33 I	Preset Torque Setpoint #1	100	0	{%}	400	TB-13A activated; P121 = 3 and P300 = 5
P332	Preset Torque Setpoint #2	100	0	{%}	400	TB-13B activated; $P122 = 3$ and $P300 = 5$
P333	Preset Torque Setpoint #3	100	0	{%}	400	TB-13C activated; P123 = 3 and P300 = 5
P334 <sup>(2)</sup>	Preset Torque Setpoint #4	100	0	{%}	400	TB-13D activated; P124 = 3 and P300 = 5
<b>P340</b> (1)	Current Loop P Gain	0.25	0.00		16.0	Changing these settings can adversely affect
<b>P34 i</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Current Loop I Gain	65	12	{ms}	9990	performance. Contact factory technical support prior to changing.
<b>P342</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	Speed Loop Adjust	0.0	0.0	{%}	20.0	prior to changing.
P343	Slip Compensation Response Filter	99	90	{ms}	9999	Low pass filter time constant for varying the slip compensation response to changes in the motor current.
P399	Motor Auto- calibration	0	<ol> <li>Standa</li> <li>Advan</li> <li>Bypas operaticalibra</li> <li>Standa</li> </ol>	ation Not Done ard Calibration Er ced Calibration E s Calibration, ena ion in vector mod ation ard Calibration Co ced Calibration C	nabled able de w/o Auto omplete	<ul> <li>If P300 = 4 or 5, motor calibration must be performed if P399 is not set to 3 (bypass calibration).</li> <li>If P300=2 or 3, motor calibration is recommended.</li> <li>Use option 2 if option 1 failed or in case of non-standard motors</li> <li>An alternating <i>LRL / Err</i> will occur if:         <ul> <li>attempt motor calibration with P300 = 0 or 1</li> <li>motor calibration with prove before programming motor data</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		1		Set P399 = 1 of Make sure mote Apply a Start co Display will indi	6 according r 2 (if option or is cold (20 ommand cate <b>CAL</b> fo ation is cor to actually 9 will now b	to motor nameplate 1 failed or in case of non-standard motor) 0° - 25° C) r about 40 seconds mplete, the display will indicate <b>Stop</b> ; apply another start the motor e set to 4 or 5.

(1) Any changes to this parameter will not take effect until the drive is stopped.

(2) Parameter applicable to SMV models 15HP (11kW) and higher.

## 4.5.6 Network Parameters

Code		Possible	Settings	IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT
P400	Network Protocol		0 Not Active	This parameter setting is based upon the network
			1 Remote Keypad	or I/O module that is installed.
			2 Modbus RTU	
			3 CANopen	
			4 DeviceNet	
			5 Ethernet	
			6 Profibus	_
			7 Lecom-B	
			8 I/O Module	
P40 I	Module Type Installed	0	0 No Module Installed	Module type format: 0xAABC; Drive Display:
			1 Basic I/O (0x0100, 1.0.0)	AA.B.C
			2 RS485/Rem. Keypad (0x0200, 2.0.0)	AA = Module Type
			3 CANopen (0x0300, 3.0.0)	B = Major revision
			11 PROFIBUS (0x1100, 11.0.0)	C = minor revision
			12 Ethernet (0x1200, 12.0.0)	
P402	Module Status	0	0 Not Initialized	
			1 Initialization: Module to EPM	
			2 Initialization: EPM to Module	
			3 Online	
			4 Failed Initialization Error	
			5 Time-out Error	
			6 Initialization Failed	Module type mismatch P401
			7 Initialization Error	Protocol selection mismatch P400
P403	Module Reset	0	0 No Action	Returns module parameters 401499 to the
			1 Reset parameters to default values	default values shown in the manual
РЧОЧ	Module Timeout Action	3	0 No Fault	Action to be taken in the event of a Module/
			1 STOP (see P111)	Drive Time-out.
			2 Quick Stop	Time is fixed at 200ms
			3 Fault (F_ntF)	STOP is by the method selected in P111.
P405	Current Network Fault		0 No Fault	
			1 F.nF1	NetIdle Mode
			2 F.nF2	Loss of Ethernet I/O connection
			3 F.nF3	Network Fault
			4 F.nF4	Explicit Message Timeout
	5 F.nF5			Overall Network Timeout
			6 F.nF6	Overall Explicit Timeout
			7 F.nF7	Overall I/O Message Timeout
P406	Proprietary			Manufacturer specific
РЧОЛ.	0400	Modulo S	pecific Parameters	Refer to the Communications Reference Guide
		would 5	pecilic raialleleis	specific to the network or I/O module installed.

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## 4.5.7 Diagnostic Parameters

Code					
No.	Name	Displa	y Range (REA	AD ONLY)	IMPORTANT
P500	Fault History				<ul> <li>Displays the last 8 faults</li> <li>Format: n.xxx where: n = 18, 1 is the newest fault; xxx = fault message (w/o the <i>F</i>.)</li> <li>Refer to section 5.3</li> </ul>
P50 I	Software Version				Format: x.yz
P502	Drive ID				A flashing display indicates that the Drive ID stored in the EPM does not match the drive model it is plugged into.
P503	Internal Code				Alternating Display: xxx-; -yy
P505	DC Bus Voltage	0	{VDC}	1500	
P506	Motor Voltage	0	{VAC}	1000	
רס59	Load	0	{%}	255	Motor load as % of drive's output current rating. Refer to section 2.3.
P508	Motor Current	0.0	{A}	1000	Actual motor current
P509	Torque	0	{%}	500	Torque as % of motor rated torque (vector mode only)
P5 10	Output Power kW	0.00	{kW}	650.0	
P5 I I	Total kWh	0.0	{kWh}	9999999	Alternating display: xxx-; yyyy when value exceeds 9999
P5 12	Heatsink Temp	0	{°C}	150	Heatsink temperature
P520	0-10 VDC Input	0.0	{VDC}	10.0	Actual value of signal at TB-5 (See P162)
P52 I	4-20 mA Input	0.0	{mA}	20.0	Actual value of signal at TB-25 (See P162)
P522	TB-5 Feedback	P204		P205	TB-5 signal value scaled to PID feedback units (See P162)
P523	TB-25 Feedback	P204		P205	TB-25 signal value scaled to PID feedback units (See P162)
P524	Network Feedback	P204		P205	Network signal value scaled to PID feedback units
P525	Analog Output	0	{VDC}	10.0	Refer to P150P155
P527	Actual Output Frequency	0	{Hz}	500.0	
P528	Network Speed Command	0	{Hz}	500.0	Command speed if (Auto: Network) is selected as the speed source
P530	Terminal and Protection Status				Indicates terminal status using segments of the LED display. (Refer to section 4.5.7.1)
P53 I	Keypad Status				Indicates keypad button status using segments of the LED display. (Refer to section 4.5.7.2)
P540	Total Run Time	0	{h}	9999999	Alternating display: xxx-; yyyy when value exceeds 9999
P54 I	Total Power On Time	0	{h}	9999999	
P550	Fault History	1		8	<ul> <li>Displays the last 8 faults</li> <li>Format: n.xxx where: n = 18, 1 is the newest fault; xxx = fault message (w/o the <i>F</i>.)</li> <li>Refer to section 5.3</li> </ul>
P55 I	Fault History Time	0	{h}	999999	Display: "n.hh-" "hhhh" "mm.ss" = fault #, hours, seconds The "hhhh" screen is displayed after hours exceed 999.
P552	Fault History Counter	0		255	Number of sequential occurrences of a fault. For example: 3 external faults occur over a period of time with no other errors occurring. Then P552 will indicate 3, P550 will indicate the error EF and P551 will indicate the time of the first fault occurrence.

Code	Code		Jonlov Dongo (DEAL		IMPORTANT			
No.	Name	Display Range (READ ONLY)			IMPORTANT			
P560	Sequencer: Currently Active Segment	0		17				
P56 I	Sequencer: Time since Start of Active Segment	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Unit depends on P708 (0.1sec, sec or minutes)			
P562	Sequencer: Time Remaining in Active Segment	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Unit depends on P708 (0.1sec, sec or minutes)			
P563	Sequencer: Number of cycles since start	0		65535				
P564	Sequencer: Number of cycles remaining	0		65535				
	<b>NOTE:</b> Parameters P560-P564 are visible only when P700 > 0 (i.e. the sequencer is enabled)							

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### 4.5.7.1 Terminal & Protection Status Display

Parameter P530 allows monitoring of the control terminal points and common drive conditions:

An illuminated LED segment indicates:

- the protective circuit is active (LED 1)
- the Logic Assertion Switch is set to High (+)
- input terminal is asserted (LED 2)

4.5.7.2 Keypad Status Display

pushbuttons.

depressed.

- output terminal is energized (LED 4)
- the Charge Relay is not a terminal, this segment will be illuminated when the Charge Relay is energized (LED 4).

Parameter P531 allows monitoring of the keypad

An illuminated LED segment indicates when the button is

LED 1 and LED 2 are used to indicate pushbutton presses on

a remote keypad that is attached to the drive. LED 3 and LED



\* Input 13D available on 15-60HP (11-45kW) models only





## 4.5.8 Onboard Communications Parameters 15-60HP (11-45kW)

The P6xx Onboard Communication parameters are applicable to the 15HP (11kW) and higher models only.

Code		Possible	Settings	IMPORTANT	
No. Name		Default	Selection	IWFOKTANT	
P600	Network Enable	0	0 Disabled	This parameter enables the onboard networl	
rouu			1 Remote Keypad	communications.	
			2 Modbus		
			7 Lecom		
		•	NOTE: Onboard Communications will be		
		i	disabled if:	Make and a manual advantage and discrete	
			- P600 = 0, or	If the onboard communications are disabled the user will not have access to any of the othe	
			- P600 = 1 and P400 = 1, or	P6xx parameters.	
			- P600 = 2 and P400 = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 - P600 = 7 and P400 = 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7		
05 10	Network Address	1	1 - 247	Modbus	
P6 10	Network Address	1	1 - 99		
	Network Baud Rate	2		Lecom Modbus	
P6 I I	Nelwork Baud Rale	Z	0 2400 bps 2 9600 bps	Modbus	
		-	1 4800 bps 3 19200 bps	1	
		0	0 9600 bps	Lecom	
			1 4800 bps		
			2 2400 bps		
			3 1200 bps		
			4 19200 bps		
P6 12	Network Data Format	0	0 8, N, 2	Modbus Only	
			1 8, N, 1		
			2 8, E, 1		
			3 8, 0, 1		
P620	Network Control Level	0	0 Monitor Only	Lecom Only	
	Level		1 Parameter Programming		
			2 Programming and Setpoint Control		
			3 Full Control		
P624	Network Powerup Start Status	0	0 Quick Stop	Lecom Only	
			1 Controller Inhibit		
P625	Network Timeout	10.0	0.0 - 300.0 seconds	Modbus	
		50	0 - 65000 milliseconds	Lecom	
P626	Network Timeout	4	0 No action	Modbus	
	Action		1 Stop (P111)		
			2 Quick Stop		
			3 Controller Inhibit		
			4 Trip Fault, F.nF1		
		0	0 No action	Lecom	
			1 Controller Inhibit		
			2 Quick Stop		
			3 Trip Fault, F.nF1		
P627	Network Messages		Read-Only: 0 - 9999	Valid network messages received	
	Received	i		exceeds 9999, the counter resets and resumes	
			counting from 0.		



### 4.5.9 Sequencer Parameters

The P700 Sequencer parameters are listed herein. Refer to section 4.5.7 for P56x Sequencer Diagnostic Parameters. The sequencer function consists of 16 step segments, each individual step segment can have its own ramp time, time spent in individual segment and output frequency entered. The sequencer has 3 different modes to control how the drive moves through each individual step segment: Timer Transition, Step Sequence or Timer and Step Sequence.

#### P700= 1 (Timer Transition)

Starting at the segment number entered in the "Start Segment" parameter, the drive will automatically move through each of the segments. The time spent in each segment is determined by the values set in the individual "Time in Current Step" parameters.

#### P700= 2 (Step Sequence)

Starting at the segment number entered in the "Start Segment" parameter the sequencer will only move to the next segment when a rising edge is applied to the highest priority digital input which is programmed to "Step Sequence" selection "25".

#### P700= 3 (Timer Transition or Step Sequence)

Starting at the segment number entered in the "Start Segment" parameter, the drive will automatically move through each of the segments. The time spent in each segment is determined by the values set in the individual "Time in Current Step" parameters, however if a rising edge is applied to the highest priority digital input which is programmed to "Step Sequence" selection "25" it will force the sequencer to step into the next segment.

Code	Code		e Settings	INDODTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection	IMPORTANT
ססרי	Sequencer Mode	0	0 Disabled	If $P700 = 0$ and no reference (P121, P101)
			1 Enabled: transition on timer only	points to any of the sequence segments, then P701-P799 will not be displayed on the
			2 Enabled: transition on rising edge (P121, 122, 123 = 25 step sequence)	local keypad.
			3 Enabled: transition on timer or rising edge	
ו סרק	Sequencer: TB13A Trigger Segment	1	1 - 16 TB13A = lowest priority	Asserting TB13A with selection #24 (Start Sequence), starts the sequence operation from the segment specified in this parameter.
כסרק	Sequencer: TB13B Trigger Segment	1	1 - 16 TB13B: higher priority than TB13A	Asserting TB13B with selection #24 (Start Sequence), starts the sequence operation from the segment specified in this parameter.
PIDE	Sequencer: TB13C Trigger Segment	1	1 - 16 TB13C: higher priority thanTB13B, A	Asserting TB13C with selection #24 (Start Sequence), starts the sequence operation from the segment specified in this parameter.
P704®	Sequencer: TB13D Trigger Segment	1	1 - 16 TB13D: higher priority than TB13C, B, A	Asserting TB13D with selection #24 (Start Sequence), starts the sequence operation from the segment specified in this parameter.
P106	Sequencer: Action	0	0 Restart at beginning of sequence	Pointed by TB13x
	after Stop/Start     1     Restart at beginning of current seg       transition or Fault     2     Start at beginning of prior segment		1 Restart at beginning of current seg	
			2 Start at beginning of prior segment	
			3 Start at beginning of next segment	
רסרק	Sequencer: Number of cycles	1	1 65535	1 = single scan; 65535 = continuous loop

(2) Parameter applicable to SMV models 15HP (11kW) and higher.



Code		Possible	e Settings					
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT		
P108	Sequencer: Time units/scaling	0	0 0.1 1 1 2 1	{sec} {sec} {min}	6553.5 65535 65535	Setup units/scaling for all sequencer time related parameters		
		i	NOTE: P708 rescales the following sequencer related parameters: - Segment Times in current step: P712, P717, P722, P727, P732, P737, P742, F P752, P757, P762, P767, P772, P777, P782, P787, P792 - Sequence diagnostic/status: P561, P562					
	Segment #1							
םו רק	Segment #1 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction		
וו רי	Segment #1 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0			
P1 12	Segment #1 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time $= 0$		
PT I3	Segment #1 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P713         0         1         2         3         4         5         6         7           Relay (Bit 0)         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         0         1         1         0         1			bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27		
P7 I4	Segment #1 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$		
	Segment #2							
P7 IS	Segment #2 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction		
P7 16	Segment #2 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0			
ח רק	Segment #2 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0		
P7 18	Segment #2 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P718 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the P optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-		bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27		
פו רק	Segment #2 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$		

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Code		Possible	e Settings			IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORIANI
	Segment #3					
05C9	Segment #3 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
ו 5רק	Segment #3 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
P722	Segment #3 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
ESCA	Segment #3 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P723 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-	0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P724	Segment #3 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #4					
P725	Segment #4 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
P726	Segment #4 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
רברק	Segment #4 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
8758 8719	Segment #4 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P728 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-	0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P729	Segment #4 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #5					
0E79	Segment #5 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
ו פרק	Segment #5 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
P732	Segment #5 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
PT33	Segment #5 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P733 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-	0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
PT34	Segment #5 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$

Code		Possible	e Settings		IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
	Segment #6					
P735	Segment #6 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
Р136	Segment #6 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
רפרק	Segment #6 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
P730	Segment #6 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P738 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) VO option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the F optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1         1           1         1         1         1         1           19, 20, 21) of the         10         10         10	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P739	Segment #6 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #7					
P740	Segment #7 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
ртч і	Segment #7 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
P142	Segment #7 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
P143	Segment #7 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P743 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) VO option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the F optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1           1         1         1         1           19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
РТЧЧ	Segment #7 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #8					
Р745	Segment #8 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
ртч6	Segment #8 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
РТЧТ	Segment #8 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
P748	Segment #8 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P748 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the P optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1           1         1         1         1           19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P749	Segment #8 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$

N N

Code		Possible	Settings			IMPORTANT
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
	Segment #9					
P750	Segment #9 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
P75 I	Segment #9 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
P152	Segment #9 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
P753	Segment #9 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P753 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-	0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P754	Segment #9 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #10					
P755	Segment #10 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
P756	Segment #10 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
רפר	Segment #10 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = $0$
P758	Segment #10 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P758 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-	0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P759	Segment #10 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #11					
P760	Segment #11 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
P76 I	Segment #11 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
P762	Segment #11 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
Р763	Segment #11 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P763 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1         1           2)         0         0         0         0         0           Relay Output (TB-         0         0         0         0         0	0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P764	Segment #11 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$

Code		Possible	e Settings		IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
	Segment #12					
P765	Segment #12 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
P766	Segment #12 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
РТБТ	Segment #12 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = $0$
P760	Segment #12 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P768 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the F optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-		bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
P769	Segment #12 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #13					
סררק	Segment #13 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
ו ררק	Segment #13 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
בררק	Segment #13 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time $= 0$
PTT3	Segment #13 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P773 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the P optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1           1         1         1         1           19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
РТТЧ	Segment #13 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
	Segment #14					
РТТ5	Segment #14 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction
РТТБ	Segment #14 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0	
РТТТ	Segment #14 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = 0
פרר9	Segment #14 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P778 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the P optional Digital I/O n	Relay Output (TB-	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1           1         1         1         1           19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27
פררק	Segment #14 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$

No No

Code		Possible	e Settings		IMPORTANT		
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT	
	Segment #15						
P780	Segment #15 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction	
ו פרק	Segment #15 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0		
P182	Segment #15 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = $0$	
P783	Segment #15 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P783 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-		bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27	
P784	Segment #15 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $\mbox{P150}=10$	
	Segment #16						
P785	Segment #16 Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction	
P786	Segment #16 Accel/Decel Time	20.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0		
רפרק	Segment #16 Time in current step	0.0 0	0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708 Skip segment if time = $0$	
P788	Segment #16 Digital Output State	0	Value set in P788 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	0         1         0         1           0         0         1         1         1           2)         0         0         0         0         0           Relay Output (TB-         0         0         0         0         0	19, 20, 21) of the	bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: 0N (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27	
P789	Segment #16 TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$	
	End Segment						
P790	End Segment: Frequency Setpoint	0.0	-500.0	{Hz}	500.0	If $P112 = 1$ , negative sign forces reverse direction	
ו פרק	End Segment: Accel/Decel Time	5.0	0.0	{sec}	3600.0		
P792	End Segment: Delay before P793, 794 & 795 activation		0.0 0	{P708} {P708}	6553.5 65535	Scaling/units depend on P708	
FISS	End Segment: Digital Output State		Value set in P793 Relay (Bit 0) TB14 (Bit 1) I/O option Relay (Bit 2 NOTE: P441 is the I optional Digital I/O r	Relay Output (TB-		bit = 0: OFF (De-energized) bit = 1: ON (Energized) The corresponding digital output/relay must be set to accept data from the sequencer: P140, P142, P441 = 27	



Code		Possible	e Settings		INDODTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection			IMPORTANT
ртөн	End Segment: TB30 Analog Output Value	0.00	0.00	{VDC}	10.00	TB30 configuration parameter must be set to accept this value: $P150 = 10$
P795	End Segment:	0	0 Keep F	Running		Recovery: Toggling the START SEQUENCE will
	Drive Action		1 Stop (t	based on P111)		start the cycle from 'end segment Stop' or 'end segment DC Brake'.
			2 Coast	to Stop		
			3 Quick	Stop (per P127)		
			4 Coast	with DC Brake		
			5 Ramp	with DC Brake		
			in the inte	0 then toggling th	is open the drive	e input will also restart the sequencer cycle but e will ramp to the standard or specified alternate uration.



ON

#### WARNING

If the input defined to "Start Sequence" is opened during a sequence, the drive will exit sequencer mode and will run at the specified standard or alternate speed source (dependent on drive configuration).

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### 4.5.9.1 Sequencer Flow Diagram Left





#### WARNING

If the input defined to "Start Sequence" is opened during a sequence, the drive will exit sequencer mode and will run at the specified standard or alternate speed source (dependent on drive configuration).



### 4.5.9.2 Sequencer Flow Diagram Right





#### 4.5.9.3 Sequencer Status





#### NOTE

On the "End Segment", the output voltage is not present until after the end segment delay P792 has expired. On the other segments the output voltage is present on entry to the segment. The same is true for the digital outputs.

(1) The drive can only be restarted if the error message has been reset.

# **Troubleshooting and Diagnostics**

# 5 Troubleshooting and Diagnostics

## 5.1 Status/Warning Messages

	Status / Warning	Cause	Remedy
br	DC-injection brake active	DC-injection brake activated • activation of digital input (P121P124 = 18) • automatically (P110 = 2, 46) • automatically (P111 = 1, 3)	Deactivate DC-injection brake • deactivate digital input • automatically after P175 time has expired
ЬF	Drive ID warning	The Drive ID (P502) stored on the EPM does not match the drive model.	<ul> <li>Verify motor data (P302P306) and perform Auto Calibration.</li> <li>Set drive mode (P300) to 0 or 1</li> <li>Reset the drive (P199 to 3 or 4) and reprogram.</li> </ul>
EAL	Motor Auto-calibration active	Refer to P300, P399	Motor Auto-calibration is being performed
сE	An EPM that contains valid data from a previous software version has been installed	An attempt was made to change parameter settings	Parameter settings can only be changed after the EPM data is converted to the current version (P199 = 5)
EL	Current Limit (P171) reached	Motor overload	<ul> <li>Increase P171</li> <li>Verify drive/motor are proper size for application</li> </ul>
dEC	Decel Override	The drive has stopped decelerating to avoid tripping into <b>HF</b> fault, due to excessive motor regen (2 sec max).	If drive trips into <i>HF</i> fault: <ul> <li>Increase P105, P126</li> <li>Install Dynamic Braking option</li> </ul>
Err	Error	Invalid data was entered, or an invalid command was attempted	
FEL	Fast Current Limit	Overload	Verify drive/motor are proper size for application
FSE	Flying Restart Attempt after Fault	P110 = 5,6	
GE	OEM Settings Operation warning	An attempt was made to change parameter settings while the drive is operating in OEM Settings mode.	In OEM Settings mode (P199 = 1), making changes to parameters is not permitted.
GF	OEM Defaults data warning	An attempt was made to use (or reset to) the OEM default settings (P199 = 1 or 2) using an EPM without valid OEM data.	Install an EPM containing valid OEM Defaults data
LE	Fault Lockout	The drive attempted 5 restarts after a fault but all attempts were unsuccessful $(P110 = 36)$	
PdEC	PID Deceleration Status	PID setpoint has finished its ramp but the drive is still decelerating to a stop.	
PId	PID Mode Active	Drive has been put into PID Mode.	Refer to P200
SLP	Sleep Mode is active	Refer to P240P242	
SP	Start Pending	will automatically restart (P110 = $36$ )	To disable Auto-Restart, set P110 = 02
SPd	PID Mode disabled.	Drive has been taken out of PID Mode. Refer to P200.	
StoP	Output frequency = 0 Hz (outputs U, V, W inhibited)	Stop has been commanded from the keypad, terminal strip, or network	Apply Start command (Start Control source depends on P100)

(1) The drive can only be restarted if the error message has been reset.

## 5.2 Drive Configuration Messages

When the Mode button is pressed and held, the drive's display will provide a 4-digit code that indicates how the drive is configured. If the drive is in a Stop state when this is done, the display will also indicate which control source commanded the drive to Stop (the two displays will alternate every second).

Configuration Display							
Format = x.y.zz	x = Control Source:	y = Mode:	zz = Reference:				
$L = Local Keypad$ $E = Terminal Stripr = Remote KeypadS = Speed modeP = PID modeE = Torque modeCP = Keypad \land \checkmarkE U = 0.10 VDC (TB-5)E I = 4.20 mA (TB-25)JC = Jogn = Networkn = NetworkC = Sequencer modeJC = Jogn = NetworkD = MOPP I_{L-n} = PT = Preset 1D I_{L-n} = If = Sequencer$							
	Example:         L_5_CP = Local Keypad Start control, Speed mode, Keypad speed reference         Ł_P_EU = Terminal Strip Start control, PID mode, 0-10 VDC setpoint reference         Ł_C_ I2 = Terminal Strip Start control, Sequencer Operation (Speed mode), Segment #12         n_L_P2 = Network Start control, Vector Torque mode, Preset Torque #2 reference         n_5_D3 = Network Start control, Speed mode, Speed reference from Sequencer segment #03						
	S	Stop Source Display					
Format = x_5EP	format = x_5LP       L_5LP = Stop command came from Local Keypad         L_5LP = Stop command came from Terminal Strip         r_5LP = Stop command came from Remote Keypad         n_5LP = Stop command came from Network						

## 5.3 Fault Messages

The messages below show how they will appear on the display when the drive trips. When looking at the Fault History (P500), the  $F_{-}$  will not appear in the fault message.

	Fault	Cause	Remedy (1)	
F_AF	High Temperature fault	Drive is too hot inside	Reduce drive load     Improve cooling	
F_AL	Assertion Level fault	<ul> <li>Assertion Level switch is changed during operation</li> <li>P120 is changed during operation</li> <li>P100 or P121P124 are set to a value other than 0 and P120 does not match the Assertion Level Switch.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Make sure the Assertion Level switch and P120 are both set for the type of input devices being used, prior to setting P100 or P121P124.</li> <li>Refer to 3.2.3 and P120.</li> </ul>	
F_bF	Personality fault	Drive Hardware	Cycle Power	
F_CF	Control fault	An EPM has been installed that is either blank or corrupted	<ul> <li>Power down and install EPM with valid data</li> <li>Reset the drive back to defaults (P199 = 3, 4)</li> </ul>	
F_cF	Incompatible EPM fault	An EPM has been installed that contains data from an incompatible parameter version	<ul> <li>and then re-program</li> <li>If problem persists, contact factory technical support</li> </ul>	
F_cFt	Forced Translation fault	An EPM from an old drive put in new drive causes drive to trip F_cFT fault.	Press [M] (mode button) twice to reset	

# Troubleshooting and Diagnostics

Fault		Cause	Remedy (1)		
F_dbF	Dynamic Braking fault	Dynamic braking resistors are overheating	<ul> <li>Increase active decel time (P105, P126, P127).</li> <li>Check mains voltage and P107</li> </ul>		
F_EF	<ul> <li>External fault</li> <li>P121P124 = 21 and that digital inp has been opened.</li> <li>P121P124 = 22 and that digital inp has been closed.</li> </ul>		Correct the external fault condition     Make sure digital input is set properly for NC     or NO circuit		
F_F 1	EPM fault	EPM missing or defective	Power down and replace EPM		
F_F2  F_F 12	Internal faults		Contact factory technical support		
F_Fnr	Control Configuration Fault	The drive is setup for REMOTE KEYPAD control (P100=2 or 5) but is not setup to communicate with a remote keypad	Set P400 = 1, or P600 = 1		
		The drive is setup for NETWORK ONLY control (P100=3) but is not setup for network communications	Set P400 or P600 to a valid network communications protocol selection		
F_FoL	TB25 (4-20 mA signal) Threshold fault	4-20 mA signal (at TB-25) drops below the value set in P164.	<ul><li>Check signal/signal wire</li><li>Refer to parameters P163 and P164.</li></ul>		
F_GF	OEM Defaults data fault	Drive is powered up with P199 =1 and OEM settings in the EPM are not valid.	Install an EPM containing valid OEM Defaults data or change P199 to 0.		
F_HF	High DC Bus Voltage fault	Mains voltage is too high	Check mains voltage and P107		
		Decel time is too short, or too much regen from motor	Increase active decel time (P105, P126, P127) or install Dynamic Braking option		
F_ IL	Digital Input Configuration fault (P121	More than one digital input set for the same function	Each setting can only be used once (except settings 0 and 3)		
	P124)	Only one digital input configured for MOP function (Up, Down)	One input must be set to MOP Up, another must be set to MOP Down		
		PID mode is entered with setpoint reference and feedback source set to the same analog signal	Change PID setpoint reference (P121P124) or feedback source (P201).		
		One of the digital inputs (P121P124) is set to 10 and another is set to 1114.			
		One of the digital inputs (P121P124) is set to 11 or 12 and another is set to 13 or 14.	Reconfigure digital inputs		
		PID enabled in Vector Torque mode (P200 = 1 or 2 and P300 = 5)	PID cannot be used in Vector Torque mode		
F_JF	Remote keypad fault	Remote keypad disconnected	Check remote keypad connections		
F_LF	Low DC Bus Voltage fault	Mains voltage too low	Check mains voltage		
F_n ld	No Motor ID fault	An attempt was made to start the drive in Vector or Enhanced V/Hz mode prior to performing the Motor Auto-calibration	Refer to parameters P300P399 for Drive Mode setup and calibration.		
F_ntF	Module communication fault	Communication failure between drive and Network Module.	Check module connections		
F_nF I	Network Faults	Refer to the module documentation. for Causes and Remedies.			

# Troubleshooting and Diagnostics

	Fault	Cause	Remedy <sup>(1)</sup>	
F_DF	Output fault:	Output short circuit	Check motor/motor cable	
	Transistor fault	Acceleration time too short	Increase P104, P125	
		Severe motor overload, due to: Mechanical problem Drive/motor too small for application	<ul> <li>Check machine / system</li> <li>Verify drive/motor are proper size for application</li> </ul>	
		Boost values too high	Decrease P168, P169	
		Excessive capacitive charging current of the motor cable	<ul> <li>Use shorter motor cables with lower charging current</li> <li>Use low capacitance motor cables</li> <li>Install reactor between motor and drive.</li> </ul>	
		Failed output transistor	Contact factory technical support	
F_OF I	Output fault: Ground fault	Grounded motor phase	Check motor and motor cable	
		Excessive capacitive charging current of the motor cable	Use shorter motor cables with lower charging current	
F_PF	Motor Overload fault	Excessive motor load for too long	<ul> <li>Verify proper setting of P108</li> <li>Verify drive and motor are proper size for application</li> </ul>	
F_rF	Flying Restart fault	Controller was unable to synchronize with the motor during restart attempt; (P110 = 5 or 6)	Check motor / load	
F_SF	Single-Phase fault	A mains phase has been lost	Check mains voltage	
F_UF	Start fault	Start command was present when power was applied (P110 = 0 or 2).	<ul> <li>Must wait at least 2 seconds after power-up to apply Start command</li> <li>Consider alternate starting method (P110).</li> </ul>	
F_FRU	TB5 (0-10V signal) Threshold fault	0-10V signal (at TB5) drops below the value set in P158.	<ul><li>Check signal/signal wire</li><li>Refer to parameters P157 and P158</li></ul>	

(1) The drive can only be restarted if the error message has been reset.

For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/

# Appendix A

## A.1 Permissible Cable Lengths

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NOTE This table is intended as a reference guideline only; application results may vary. The values in this table are based on testing with commonly available low-capacitance shielded cable and commonly available AC induction motors. Testing is conducted at worst case speeds and loads.

The table herein lists the permissible cable lengths for use with an SMV inverter with an internal EMC filter.

Maximum Permissible Cable Lengths (Meters) for SMV Model with Internal EMC Filters									
Mains	Model	4 kHz Carrier (P166 = 0)		6 kHz Carrier (P166 = 1)		8 kHz Carrier (P166 = 2)		10 kHz Carrier (P166 = 3)	
		Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B	Class A	Class B
	ESV251dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
ŝ	ESV371dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
240 V, 1-phase (2/PE)	ESV751dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
0 V, 1-pł (2/PE)	ESV112dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
24	ESV152dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
	ESV222dd2SFd	38	12	35	10	33	5	30	N/A
	ESV371dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
	ESV751dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
ę	ESV112dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
-phas	ESV152dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
10 V,3 (3/PE)	ESV222dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
400/480 V,3-phase (3/PE)	ESV302dd4TFd	30	4	25	2	20	N/A	10	N/A
	ESV402dd4TFd	54	5	48	3	42	2	N/A	N/A
	ESV552dd4TFd	54	5	48	3	42	2	N/A	N/A
	ESV752dd4TFd	54	5	48	3	42	2	N/A	N/A

**NOTE:** The "dd" and "d" symbols are place holders in the Model part number that contain different information depending on the specific configuration of the model. Refer to the SMV Type Number Designation table in section 2.2 for more information.

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## 1.1 Quick Start Parameter settings 1.1.1 Basic Parameter settings

The SMVector drives can run a motor right out of the box using the onboard Keypad! Below are a few parameters that should be considered when trying to run using the onboard keypad.

Code		Possible	e Settings	IMPORTANT			
No.	Name	Default Selection					
P 100	Start Control	0					
	Source		0 Local keypad	Run/stop button on front of drive (default no change necessary out of box)			
P 10 I	Standard	0					
	Reference Source		0 Keypad	Speed/torque reference from keypad buttons (default no change necessary out of box)			
P 102	Minimum Output Frequency	0	Set this to the minimum frequency you need for the application	P103			
P 103	Maximum Output Frequency	60	Set this to the maximum frequency you need for the application	Hz P104 P105			
P 104	Acceleration Time	20s	Set the required acceleration time needed for the application	P102 P102			
P 105	Deceleration Time	20s	Set the required deceleration time needed for the application				
P 108	Motor Overload Protection	100%	Calculate P108 = (motor rated current/SMV output current rating x100 (found on pages 9-11)	This parameter is used to protect your motor and controls. Full load amp rating of the motor should match the output amperage rating of the motor. Going below 30% is not recommended (i.e. 3amp motor and 10amp drive).			
P 165	Base Voltage	paramete graphic o is the AC base fre	tage and base frequency are the main ers for scaling the V/Hz curve (see on right). The base voltage (P165) voltage output voltage at the drive's guency (P167). For a typical setup				
P 167	Base Frequency	whateve 60Hz mo	S, this comes with default values for r voltage the drive's rated for to run a otor that provides full output voltage n the incoming line voltage minus ses.	P168			

# SMV Quick Start Guide

Code	Code		e Settings	IMPORTANT	
No.	Name	Default	Selection	INFORTANT	
P 300	Operating Mode	0			
			0	Constant V/Hz Constant torque V/Hz, for general applications	
			1	Variable V/Hz Variable torque V/Hz, for centrifugal fan and pump applications	
			2 2 2 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		
			3	Enhanced Variable V/Hz	
			4	Vector Speed Single motor applications requiring high starting torque and speed regulation	
			5	Vector Torque Single motor applications requiring torque control independent of speed	

### Vector Speed and Torque Control set-up (P300 = 4 or 5)

In Volts per Hz mode the drive linearly increases output voltage as a direct function of the drive's output frequency by the slope of the line defined by P165 (base voltage) and P167 (base frequency). In vector mode the drive develops a mathematic model of the motor to determine the phase angle of the stator current components to more accurately regulate speed for dynamic applications and to provide a method for torque control.

**NOTE:** If P300 = 4 or 5, a motor auto-calibration must be carried out. Ensure motor nameplate data is programmed first (detailed below). Failure to do so will result in a F.n ld fault message.

Code		Possible Settings		IMPORTANT
No.	No. Name		Selection	IMPORTANT
P 302	Motor rated voltage			
P 303	Motor rated current			
Р 304	Motor rated frequency			
P 305	Motor rated speed			
P 306	Motor Cosine Phi			

NOTE: Set P399 to 1 and provide a start command (see "start control source" above) to start the motor auto-calibration. The display will show "CAL" for up to 40 seconds and then "STOP" once completed.

## 2.1 Basic Control Wiring Examples

There are many ways to control the drive for starting and stopping, running the motor in forward and reverse and also speed control methods. Below are several common examples for control wiring schemes.

# 2.1.1 Using 2-Wire RUN / STOP with 2 Preset Speeds



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# SMV Quick Start Guide

#### 2.1.2 Basic 3-Wire Start, Forward and Reverse with Speed Pot Control



## 3.1 PID Quick Start

#### 3.1.1 Steps for Programming the Drive for PID

#### Please read the PID Parameter notes in the manual Section 4.5.4.

- To activate PID mode, one of the TB-13x inputs (controlled with parameters 121 thru 124) must be used to select the "Auto reference" that will become your desired set point reference. For example to have TB13A select the keypad as the reference set P121 to 06. The setpoint reference can be anything from keypad, 0-10V, 4-20mA or a preset speed. However, it cannot be the same source as the feed-back itself.
- 2. Set P200 to 1 for normal acting or 2 for reverse acting.

Normal-acting PID control will command a decrease in motor speed in response to an increasing process variable feedback. An example of normal PID mode is a direct acting system that maintains duct pressure. Duct pressure is the process variable that is monitored by the feedback device. As duct pressure rises, motor speed will decrease to maintain the pressure.

Reverse acting PID control will command an increase in motor speed in response to an increasing process variable feedback. An example of reverse PID mode is a reverse acting system that maintains water temperature in a cooling tank. Water temperature is the process variable that is monitored by the feedback device. As water temperature rises, motor speed needs to be increased to pump more cold water and thereby lowers the temperature in the tank.

- 3. Set P201 to 0 to select the 4-20 mA feed-back source or 1 to select 0-10vdc.
- Set P204 and P205 to transducer's minimum and maximum feedback values. Example: Transducer rating = 0-300PSI; P204 = 0.0, P205 = 300

## 3.1.2 Steps for Wiring the Drive for PID

Typical PID Flow Diagram



- Connect your analog feedback signal (4-20 MA) between TB25 and TB2 on the drive. The SMV has a built-in 12v 50mA power supply that can be utilized to power the transducer. If the sensor requires higher voltage or current, an external supply must be used. A 0-10Vdc signal can also be used instead and would be wired between TB5 and TB2 on the drive.
- 2. Connect a jumper between TB13A and TB4.
- 3. Wire your Run/Stop contact between TB1 and TB4 as shown.

### 3.1.3 Steps for Commissioning the Drive for PID Loop

- 1. Adjust setpoint (for example with the keypad) to desired level.
- 2. Monitor the PID feedback (P522 if sensor is wired to TB5 and P523 if sensor is wired to TB25)
- 3. Tune using the following parameters: P207 (p-gain), P208 (I-gain) p209 (D-gain).
- 4. To tune a PID loop we recommend use of the Ziegler-Nichols method.

Start by first setting the Ki (integral) and Kd (derivative) gains to zero. The Kp (proportional) gain is then increased (from zero) until it reaches the point at which the output of the control loop oscillates with a constant amplitude. This point is the Ku (ultimate) gain. At this point the Tu (oscillation period) is used in conjunction with the Ku to calculate the appropriate gain settings:

$$u(t) = Kp \ (e(t) + \frac{1}{i} \int_0^t e(t)dt + K_d \frac{de(t)}{dt}$$

Control Type	Кр	Ki	Kd
P	0.500 * Ku	-	-
PI	0.454 * Ku	0.833 * Tu	-
PID	0.600 * Ku	0.500 * Tu	0.125 * Tu
Some Overshoot	0.333 * Ku	0.500 * Tu	0.333 * Tu
No Overshoot	0.200 * Ku	0.500 * Tu	0.333 * Tu

## 4.1 Notes / Warnings

### 4.1.1 Programming / Power Warnings

#### Programming Notes:

- When replacing a VFD, make sure to take the original EPM from drive and put in the replacement drive. Power
  must be removed from both to the original and new drive before swapping the EPM. If the original drive
  is older you may get an F\_cFt fault. This is due to a miss-match in firmware between the drives. To resolve the
  issue perform the translate function by pushing the MODE button ←M three times.
- A F\_AL fault indicates the assertion level switch on the control board does not match the setting P120 or a Digital input (P100, 121-124) is set to something other than 0.
- When using Jog, be aware the Jog function will override even the Stop input. To stop the drive while in Jog
  mode the Jog input must be deactivated or a digital input must be assigned to an external fault and activated.

#### Power Warnings / Tips:

- Long Term Storage (1 year or more) requires reforming the capacitors. To do this you must power the drive for 8 hours without a load / motor connected.
- If the KVA rating of the supply transformer is greater than 10X the KVA rating of the drive(s), we recommend an input line reactor with 2-3% impedance rating be connected on the drives input.
- When servicing, turn off power and wait at least 3 minutes before touching anything on the drive. This holds true for
  power cycling as well. The DC bus capacitors need to dissipate voltage to prevent shock and damage to the drive.
- · When using a GFCI (Ground fault circuit interrupter) the following can cause tripping:
  - · Capacitive leakage currents between the cable shields during operation (especially with long cable runs)
  - · Connecting several VFDs to the main power at the same time.
  - · RFI filters connected to the main power.
  - · Use of a residential 6mA GFCI is not recommended.
- We do not recommend contacts between the drive and motor. The drive has built in UL motor overload protection, so no other overload device is needed. Connecting/disconnecting the drive to/from load while running can result in damage to the inverter.
- Motor thermal overload protection contacts need to be connected to a digital input and this input must be assigned to an external fault for proper operation.

For further assistance, please visit our SMV Support Portal: https://lenze.yonyx.com/y/portal/

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#### Service



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